THE CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

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VOL. 34. EMPORIUM, PA., THURSDAY, JUNE 8, 1899. NO. 15.

NEW STORE. MEW GOODS.

CRAMER'S

Popular Variety Store,

Ladies' Shirt Waists,
Ladies' Fancy Skirts,
Ladies' Wrappers,
Ladies' Suits,
Lace,
Embroideries.

Ladies' - Furnishing - Goods.

Tinware, Glassware,
Silverware, Dishes, by sets,
One hundred piece
Dinner and Tea Sets,
Crockery,
Lamps, Lanterns,
Clocks,
Table Oilcloth,
Clothes Wringers,
Window Shades, Wall Paper,
Sewing Machines,

We are closing out Men's Clothing at cost.

D. F. CRAMER,
Emporium, Pa.

GEO. J. LA BAR

IS OFFERING

Special Bargains

IN

BABY CARRIAGES

Having purchased the largest and most handsome line of those goods I shall be compelled to cut close to the cost in order not to carry any over to another season. Come quick and get your pick.

PARLOR SUITES, BED-ROOM SUITES,
EASY CHAIRS, WINDOW CURTAINS,
SIDEBOARDS, HAT RACKS,
LOUNGES, DESKS,
EASELS. Etc..Etc

LUXURY

it is to recline at ease on one of our superb couches. Slumber comes unsought under such delightful conditions. Pieces of furniture like these are as pleasant to look on as they are to lie on and this fact makes them an irresistable temptation to repose. Our entire stock is packed full of temptations for that matter, temptations in parlor and bedroom suits and in every kind of furniture, and unprecedented temptations in prices. Some people are always quoting from somebody, but our favorite quotations are figures like these: Couches, $5, $6, $8, and $10.

Best Furniture.

We have the largest line ever exhibited in Cameron county.

Geo. J. LaBar.

EDITOR'S NOTICE.

WHEN you see this item marked with an X, in blue or black pencil mark across its face you will know that your subscription is due, or past due. Your name will be found printed on each copy of the PRESS, as you receive it and gives the last date to which you have paid. Our terms are $2.00 if not paid in advance, $1.50 in advance. Many, very many, of our patrons allow their subscriptions to run year after year. This we are unable to stand—it is not right, fair nor honorable between man and man.

LOCAL NOTICES.

LATEST fads in gent's hats at N. Seger's.

THE ladies of the Presbyterian church will serve one of their popular suppers in the Odd Fellow's block, Thursday, June 15.

WE have just received a large invoice of men's, youths' and boys' clothing and have some rare bargains.

N. SEGER.

LAWN SOCIAL.—The Citizens Hose Company will hold a Lawn Social, on Friday evening, June 15th. Full particulars next week.

S. E. MURRY, Chairman.

PERSONS preparing for summer outings should visit N. Seger's store and look over his stock of trunks, valises, telescopes, suit cases, etc.

LOOK UP, LIFT UP.—The Epworth League, Chapter 4,686 will serve ice cream and cake every Saturday evening, in the room in Bosworth block, two doors east of M. M. Larrabee's store. The cream and cake will be the best that experienced hands can make.

STRAWBERRIES, HOME GROWN.—Metzger & Bliss' home grown berries will be on the market next week. Every crate will be labled and the date berries were picked plainly marked on each label. See that you get genuine home grown fruit. Look at label on each crate.

LADIES' SUMMER SLIRTS.—I have just received a new and unusually nice line of ladies' crash and linen skirts which are for sale at low prices. Come and see them.

A few hats left at July prices. A new lot of stylish shirt waists will be in next week.

MRS. E. O. BARDWELL.

WHICH IS CHEAPEST?—Berries that have been shipped several hundred miles, mashed, partly decayed, dirty—have to throw away lots of them; or nice, fresh, ripe, clean strawberries, ripened on the vines with clean straw under them, and picked fresh each day. You can have this kind by ordering Metzger & Bliss' home grown strawberries from your grocer. Look for label on each crate.

SAND is all right in its place, but you do not want it in your strawberries. Get Metzger & Bliss' home grown berries, and you will get clean, juicy, ripe fruit, ripened on clean straw. You can get them from your grocer; order early. Look for label on each crate.

LADIES! clean your kid gloves with Miller's Glovine, for sale only by Balcom & Lloyd, headquarters for kid gloves and the famous Dartmouth gloves; all the latest shades. 5-ly

Church Wedding.

Invitations have been issued for the marriage of Miss Jennie S. Murry and Mr. Robt. Wm. Robinson, of this place, to take place on Wednesday, June 14th, 1899, at Emmanuel church, 11:00 o'clock a. m. Miss Murray is a daughter of our respected citizens, Mr. and Mrs. David Murry, while Mr. Robinson has been employed as clerk by C. B. Howard & Company for several years. Both are popular young people and the PRESS extends its best wishes.

Left to Work Under A. Brady.

Edward S. White, clerk at Bird Coleman furnaces, and Martin Foster, night foreman at Colebrook furnaces, left Monday evening for Emporium, Pa., to work under Andrew Brady. About 25 friends saw him off at the P. & R station, where Rev. Harry E. Miller, pastor of the U. B. church, at West Lebanon, made a happy speech.—Lebanon Daily News.

Mighty Wind.

Last Thursday's wind storm was a "cracker jack" and made things lively around town. Much damage was done—trees blown down, windows broken, roofs torn away and general havoc played with all loose things. The most serious damage was sustained at the Climax Powder works. At this place the men ran for fear of their lives when the roofs commenced to raise. It is not known whether Joshua Bair and Henry Sassman have stopped running yet.

Modern Office.

The Climax Powder Company, of Emporium, whose business now ranks with the leading explosive firms in the country, are rapidly increasing their factory facilities—their extensive plant, near town, now numbering over forty buildings, is being still further enlarged. To properly transact the increasing office business of this company, they have purchased, from J. B. Schriever, the land nearly opposite the opera house and have commenced the erection of a modern building, to be 25x90½ feet. The building will be fitted up in elegant style and will be an ornament to that portion of our town.

Farmers' Institutes.

The County Board of Farmers' Institute Managers, will meet at the County Commissioners' office on the second Tuesday of June to arrange for the place where Institutes are to be held this season. All of our people who desire Institutes, ought to attend this meeting and present their claims. This Board is composed of the Local Members of the State Board of Agriculture, and one representative from each County Agricultural Society, the Pomona Grange and County Alliance. If you find that you cannot attend this meeting, address a letter with your request to Chairman of Board of Institute Managers, care of County Commissioners.

A suitable hall for the meeting ought to be provided, free of charge, by the locality wishing the Institute.

Religious Services.

The Wesleyan Methodist quarterly meeting to be held at the church in Rich Valley, June 24th and 25th will be a little out of the usual order. The services of Rev. G. H. Clark, of Levant, N. Y., a returned missionary from Africa, have been secured, who will give some interesting talks on missions from personal experience in the field. A cordial welcome is extended to all.

Quarterly meeting services will be held this week at the Free Methodist Church, East Fifth street, commencing on Friday evening. Services as follows: Preaching on Friday and Saturday evenings at 7:30. Love-feast on Sabbath morning at 9:00, preaching at 11 and preaching again in the evening at 7:30. Services in charge of Presiding Elder, W. B. Roupe and wife, of Bradford, Pa. An invitation is extended to all.

R. M. WILLIAMS, Pastor.

PRIZES FOR WELL KEPT YARDS.

Offered to Parties in Emporium Living in Rented Houses and Paying not More Than $10 a Month. Two Prizes in Each Ward.

Emporium is on the eve of a new period of business prosperity. This means new residents, more visitors, more people whose attention will be challenged to our busy mountain town. There can be no doubt that our success will be materially helped, if the borough impresses strangers and visitors with the trim and well kept appearance of its streets and premises. A visitor in a new place is always keenly alive to such impressions. Dilapidated walks, weed-grown streets, littered with paper and tin cans, neglected front yards and back yards filled with unsightly and unhealthful accumulations of rubbish, all combine to make up an appearance that is far from inviting, and causes the visitor to entertain an unfavorable opioion of the spirit of the inhabitants.

Emporium enjoys a most pleasant and sightly situation among the mountains, and she is justly proud of her tree lined streets, but well kept premises are all too few in the borough. They are the exception rather than the rule. The fault has been due to a want of a proper pervasive public sentiment in the matter, a lack that has been intensified by the hard times and a dubious outlook for the future. When people have to work hard to make ends meet, when property is depreciating in value, and when tenants are on the move, there is little spirit and little means for keeping up the most attractive appearances. Happily these conditions are changing, and with new life and a hopeful outlook, we ought to set about at once to make the appearance of our borough improve as rapidly as our prosperity increases.

Cleanliness is next to godliness. A clean, trim, well kept town, where everyone feels a pride in doing his own part to make the whole attractive, has taken an important step towards realizing the things that are pure and lovely and of good report.

On Monday evening, a committee, composed of one representative each from the Methodist Episcopal, Roman Catholic, Presbyterian, Episcopal and Baptist Sunday schools, met in the Reading Room, and considered a plan for a modest step in the direction of village improvement. It was decided to offer two prizes in each ward for the best kept premises. As the prize fund is limited, and as it would be manifestly unfair in many cases to permit property owners to compete on equal terms with tenants, the committee decided to exclude the former from the contest.

Following are the conditions and rules governing the contest:

Two prizes to be given in each ward: First prize, $5; second, $3.

Prizes to be awarded for the best kept premises, including front and back yards.

The contest to be limited to parties living in rented houses, and paying not more than $10 a month rent.

The prizes to be awarded the first of September. Parties wishto compete for the prizes are requested to give their names to the Committee not later than June 20.

Three judges will be appointed by the Committee for each ward.

The members of the Committee are Mrs. M. M. Larrabee, Miss Coyle, Miss Mary Robinson, Mr. G. S. Allen and Mr. Chas. Felt.

Lovers of base ball should remember the Austin game Saturday.

Base Ball.

The Emporium nine will play its first game at this place next Saturday, at 2:30 p. m., with the Austin nine.

The Iron Works.

A large force of men are actively at work at the furnace and repairs are being made as rapidly as possible. Supt. Brady expects the furnace to go in blast about August 1st.

Prof. Stauffer Remains in Emporium.

The friends of education in this section of the state will be highly gratified to learn that at the meeting of the Emporium School Board last Monday evening, Prof. H. F. Stauffer was unanimously re-elected Principal of our schools for a term of three years, at a salary of $1,100 a year. This makes Prof. Stauffer's fourth term and his energetic, untiring and unselfish labors during the past nine years has been duly appreciated by our citizens, as well as our school directors, and the action of both principal and directors is very pleasing to our people, one and all of whom are greatly attached to this elegant gentleman as an educational worker and public-spirited citizen.

We feel sure the citizens of Emporium, as well as the entire county, join the PRESS in rejoicing that a gentleman recognized as a leading light in educational matters is to remain with us for three years longer—and we hope many more years.

Accidents.

Last Monday, Elmer, the seven-year-old son of Samuel Reed, while playing with other children at the tannery yard, caught his right leg between a handcar, with which the children were playing, and a freight car. The little fellow's leg was frightfully lacerated, the flesh being torn from the bone from knee to ankle. Fortunately no bones were broken and the little sufferer is resting comfortably and doing well at present, under Dr. Bardwell's care, who expects to save the leg.

During the severe windstorm on Thursday last, one Michael Donnel, employed on Allen Baldwin's job on Salt Run, while hurrying out of the woods for the camp, tripped and fell upon a keen-edged, double-bitted axe, which he was carrying, and sustained a painful cut on his left wrist. He was placed in a carriage and driven quickly to Dr. Smith's office, at this place, where, upon examination, it was found that the hand was nearly severed from the arm. Dr. Smith dressed the wound.

Fatal Accident.

Alex. W. McCormick, son of our former townsman, Dan'l McCormick, met with a fatal accident near Keating Summit on Tuesday. He was employed on B. & S. Ry., as brakeman, when a wreck occurred, the train jumping the track and smashing most of the cars into kindling wood. It was found that young McCormick's back was broken and he died soon after the accident. His remains were brought to Emporium this afternoon and interred in St. Mark's Cemetery in the family plot. A delegation of Austin Maccabees accompanied the bereaved family and remains, the B. & S. Ry. furnishing a car for the accommodation of relatives and friends. His remains were met at the junction by a large number of friends from Emporium and other towns.

Ex-County Treasurer W. L. Thomas has taken a contract to furnish the iron company with hewed pine timber. He has commenced operations.

The Emporium papers some weeks ago complained that their town is so dull and is dying. That is strange. How much has it been stated, asserted and proclaimed, that where liquor licenses are granted "it makes lots of work and business." Main and other streets in Emporium are numerously supplied with licensed hotels and beer saloons and the town should therefore be well supplied with manufacturing establishments. It should hum with industry and commercial activity. Why is this not the case? "The money is not sent out of the county," you know; it is spent in the grog-shops and drinking-hells, and therefore everything should thrive and flourish and everybody should be contented and happy!—Coudersport cor. Galeton Dispatch. What crank has broken loose this time? While Emporium has, no doubt, more licensed places than our needs demand, they all appear to flourish and never fail to contribute their share of money, whether it be for the support of our churches or encourage the location of industries. Emporium is well and healthy, thank you. We have no pig's ears, thank the Lord, and never have from fifty to one hundred prosecutions for violation of the license law, as you Potter county denizens have for violations of your sweet-scented prohibitory (?) law—at an expense of thousands of dollars to the tax-payers. Our town is right in the swim of prosperity, our laborers are all at work, with low taxes and good schools, and if you desire to visit the handsomest, cleanest and most hospitable class of people just come over and see us. We are not making much fuss at present, but if brother Hayden will bring the correspondent over here for a few hours' visit he will go back minus his leek hooks.

NEW DEPARTURE

BY

M. A. ROCKWELL,

The Fourth Street Druggist,

The Sanitary Still. . . .

I have recently purchased and placed in my Drug Store one of the popular and greatly endorsed Sanitary Stills, manufactured by THE CUPSEGRAPH CO., of Chicago, Ill. There is no process of filteration which will purify water. Nature's process of vaporizing water and cooling it into refreshing showers of pure rain water is repeated by the Sanitary Still in our store. We distill all water used in both our Prescription Department and Soda Water Fountains.

PURE WATER.
PURE DRUGS,
PURE SODA WATER.

Purity is our Motto.

M. A. ROCKWELL,

P. O. Building, Emporium, Pa.

Summer Skirts.

In our stock of Summer Skirts this season, each step is marked by merit and prices that makes easy selling in this department.

If you are looking forward to a pleasant

summer, you will be wise to make a trip to our Skirt Counter before completing your outfit. All are stylish skirts, the latest fabrics, made as nicely as it is possible to make them, cut in the newest shapes and marked at prices within the reach of all.

M. C. TULIS.

Dress Goods.

Pretty and novel creations, new and ever changing styles. You should see them. They were made to sell at high prices, but we bought to advantage and you will get them for that reason at a great saving. If you are in doubt the goods themselves will convince you: if you are economical the prices will be the clinching argument.

M. C. TULIS,

Lloyd's Long Range Forecast of the Weather.

FRIDAY, Probably fair and continued warm.

SATURDAY, Fair and cooler.

SUNDAY, Fair weather.

The confidence we have in the character of the goods we sell, and the prices fixed for them, make us eager at all times to take back anything that fails to please our customers.

Hooks.

Looks are so deceitful. Many a nut's been cracked and found spurious. Looked all right outside. "Like unto golden hooks that from the foolish fish their baits do hide." The fishermen of this section look all right; he cracks many a fish nut, but they all not all spurious with one accord they say, we are not catching the trout this season. Gentlemen you are using "golden hooks" that hide your bait. We sell you hooks that the bait hide, that will catch the trout, and will allow you to come home to family and friends, with a basket full of the speckle beauties, that "looks" all right, and when the "nut is cracked" will be found delicious.

Fourth Street.

H. S. LLOYD.

CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

H. H. MULLIN, Editor.

Published Every Thursday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Per year.....$2 00
If paid in advance..... 1 50

ADVERTISING RATES:

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year, or for six or three months, are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices 10 cents per line for one insertion; 5 cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business cards, five lines or less, $5 per year; over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising.

No local inserted for less than 75 cents per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW PRINTING.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

"It's queer to me," said a healthy-looking citizen, "that more people don't take the air cure. There's nothing like a breath of fresh air; it is delightful and refreshing, renovating and renewing, uplifting and invigorating, stimulating and exalting, and without any depression, and all this is absolutely free. There are far more people now than ever before in this country that go in for outdoor sports, for bicycling and all that sort of thing, and so get the fresh air; but there are many left who do not give themselves the benefit of it as they might. It isn't necessary for a man to have a bicycle or a horse or a steam yacht to enable him to take the air cure; such helps, of course, might make it easier to take, but they are not essential. It can be taken effectively walking; and there's nothing like it. Air might not heal a broken leg, but for many ills of mind and body it will be found a sovereign remedy."

A curious story comes from Chicago. Fear of social degradation keeps many a millionaire of that city from acknowledging the fact that he uses oleomargarine in lieu of pure butter, according to William Broadwell, a witness before the pure food investigation committee. "It is the strangest kind of a game, your honor," the witness said to Senator Mason, "this deception that is going on simply because a man is too proud to let his friends know that he is using anything that is not the real article. It would surprise you if you could learn of the millionaires that come into my store every day and carry home their little package of oleomargarine, and then palm it off on their swell friends as real butter."

The 50,000 silver dollars which congress has ordered as a subscription to the monument to Lafayette, which is to be erected in Paris, will be elaborate specimens. On one side of the coin will appear Lafayette's prayer for the United States (about 40 words), and on the other probably the faces of Washington and Lafayette, and perhaps those of Lincoln and Grant also. President McKinley was invited to appear on the coin with his four eminent predecessors, but resolutely declined.

A reformer of a new kind has turned up on a New York Central train. He assaulted the brakeman, and all the crew who came to the rescue, because he could not understand the names of stations as they were called out. He explained to a magistrate that he had met with the same difficulty on the L road, every name sounding like "Umpty-Ump." He was held for examination as to sanity, though perhaps there would be two opinions on that point.

Out in Kansas City three months ago a church goer wrote to a newspaper that he would pay no more pew rent at his house of worship unless some guarantee should be given him that his view of the minister should be unobstructed. Out of this missive grew an anti-hat campaign, with the result that on a recent Sunday the feminine members of the church capitulated and removed their new spring headgear at the opening of the service.

Rev. C. H. Currens, a Presbyterian minister of Chicago, thus explains his attitude toward the state: "I never vote; such matters do not interest us. Our citizenship is in Heaven; we are aliens and foreigners here. I have no more business to take a voice in affairs here than I would have to go to England and attempt to participate in their government. Heaven is my home."

The recent cyclone at Kirksville, Mo., is responsible for a lawsuit over the disposition of $100,000. A man and his wife possessed of that amount of property and money had agreed that the survivor should administer the property, and the heirs of the woman claim that she gasped a few times after her husband died.

A Saguache county (Col.) newspaper announces that Mrs. Rubber gave birth to twins last week. It is only reasonable to suppose that they are bouncing boys, unless one or more of them happen to be girls.

A superstitious burglar broke into a Lexington (Ky.) store the other night. There was $13 in the drawer. He took $12.75.

AN EXPANSION STORY.

Growth and Progress of This Country Under the Expansion System.

There are intimations that perhaps the high estimates of the population of the United States which have been recently made may not be quite realized next year. It is well, of course, not to place too much reliance on the exuberant predictions made in recent years, yet if the lowest figures at which anybody put the population in 1900 be realized the country will show a growth not approached anywhere else in the case of any great nation on the globe. According to current estimates of the treasury officials, made as a basis of their computations of the per capita circulation of the country, the population in 1900 will be about 78,000,000 outside of the territorial accessions made in the past year. But even if the 75,000,000 mark be reached, and the most conservative of prophets put the total up to that line, the expansion will have been totally unexampled in the case of a very great nation in the world's history. When Benjamin Franklin surprised the people of England a century and a quarter ago by his prediction that his country, still a dependency of Great Britain, would double in inhabitants every quarter of a century, he made a propheey whose truth time has vindicated with marvelous fidelity, for the 13 colonies had then only about 2,000,000 people.

In another particular the story of expansion has been equally surprising. By the computation of the director of the mint the United States produced $65,782,677 of gold in the calendar year 1898. When the country's gold output started downward about 40 years ago, after the first great spurt in California's production had ended, nobody supposed that the high figures of that time would ever be closely approached again. The high-water mark in gold production was reached in 1853, when the output was $65,000,000. All this was the yield of California. None of the other states or territories at that time produced enough gold to get into the statistics. Afterward, with some fluctuations, the tendency was steadily downward until the period from 1882 to 1892, when the country's gold output ranged between $30,000,000 and $33,000,000. Since that time the production has grown by great leaps, and in 1898, as already mentioned, it was close to the $66,000,000 line, or in excess of the great yield of 1853, when the mines of California were at their most productive stage.

Here is a story of American expansion—the increase in population and the growth in gold output—which justifies the most hopeful predictions which were made in the past, and incite still more sanguine forecasts for the future. The tendency, of course, in a nation as it grows older is to grow slower in population, and this circumstance has really begun to be noticed in the United States. Nevertheless, this country's increase in population will be one of the marvels of the nineteenth century. But in the production of gold its growth promises to be much larger than it has been in inhabitants. The output of the gold mines was more than double as great in 1898 as it was six years earlier, in 1892. The production in the present year is likely to be between $73,000,000 and $75,000,000. Nor is the advance in gold production confined to the United States. Some of the other gold fields have now passed this country, but whether they will maintain their lead in the face of our steady increase is doubtful. In 1890 the world's production of gold was $119,000,000. In 1898 it was about $275,000,000. In 1900, according to the estimate of the director of the mint, it will be $400,000,000. The influence of the gold fields of California and Australia a little over a third of a century ago in the development of the great nations is well remembered. We are entering into another golden age in the world's business and social advancement, and the United States, on the whole, has been the largest contributor to and will be the most conspicuous beneficiary of this record of expansion and progress. —St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

☞Col. Bryan persists in rising now and then without waiting for the emergency.—Chicago Tribune.

☞Now it is intimated that Bryan is doubtful about making silver the paramount issue next year. Can it be possible that Croker has scared the boy orator?—Cleveland Leader.

☞The anti-imperialists have had their say and it has not amounted to much. If they are rational and patriotic men they ought to give up their unequal struggle against history.—Chicago Journal.

☞Now that Charles Francis Adams has climbed valiantly into the expansion band wagon it would be wise for Dr. Henry Wade Rogers and some of his copperhead associates to do likewise.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

☞Of Mr. Atkinson, the eminent Boston Filipino, it may be said that first he distingiushed himself and then he extinguished himself. The snuffing-out process was vastly the more commendable of the two.—N. Y. Mail and Express.

☞Colorado "silver republican" leaders want Bryan and Towne to form their presidential ticket next year. The fact that they call themselves "silver republicans" shows that they are not to be trusted. There are no silver republicans.—Chicago Times-Herald.

☞Kansas is overrun with cheap money. It is not the kind of cheap money that Bryan and Teller are clamoring for; every dollar of it is worth 100 cents. It is cheap in the sense that Kansas farmers who want to borrow can obtain it readily at a low rate of interest. This is one of the beneficent results of the victory for sound money which was won in 1896 in spite of the vote of Kansas.—Kansas City Journal.

THE TRUST ISSUE.

Will Hardly Figure as a Feature in the Coming National Campaign.

Many states, without distinction as to the party controlling the legislature, have made the past few months memorable for their attempts to destroy or regulate trusts. There seems to have been a common concurrence in the view, especially since Attorney-General Griggs pointed out the misapprehensions as to the force and effect of the federal laws relating to trusts, that any attack upon the great industrial monopolies must have state initiative. The federal courts, under a decision of 1894, cannot suppress a combination or monopoly for manufacturing a necessary of life. The government prosecutes unlawful combinations affecting interstate commerce, but many of the trusts do not come under this head. "If amenable to any law," says the attorney-general, "they are amenable to the laws of the respective states." Consequently the states have been doing what they could to get at the trusts, and some of them have gone very far in punitive legislation. Especially is this the case in Michigan, where the republican legislature is at work trying to shut trusts out of the state altogether.

If the regulation of trusts is a state affair and one upon which all parties are agreed, it is difficult to see how a national campaign issue can be made of it. A party might fight to plant an anti-trust clause in the constitution, but it would have no other party for an opponent except perhaps an organization of trust capitalists. Certainly the democracy will not be able to maneuver the republican party into such a position. The average republican is quite as much averse as the average democrat to having his expenses increased to make dividends on watered stock for conscienceless corporations. If there is any doubt on that point look at his record in the various anti-trust legislatures and in public expressions of opinion. Mr. Bryan himself is no more vigorous in his opposition to trusts than is Gov. Pingree and a score of other republican leaders; and if a representative republican here and there is tied up with trusts he can be matched by a representative democrat who is in the same fix. The cupidity that organizes trusts has no partisan politics any more than the instinct of self-preservation has which resists them.

Quite likely some of the drastic laws passed by states will be adjudicated before the national campaigns begin. Should they stand the test there will be no need of any better weapons, and a national anti-trust campaign will be more than ever a sheer waste of time.—San Francisco Chronicle.

MR. BRYAN'S MISTAKE.

The Silver-Tongued Orator Sounds Some False Notes on His Banquet Bazoo.

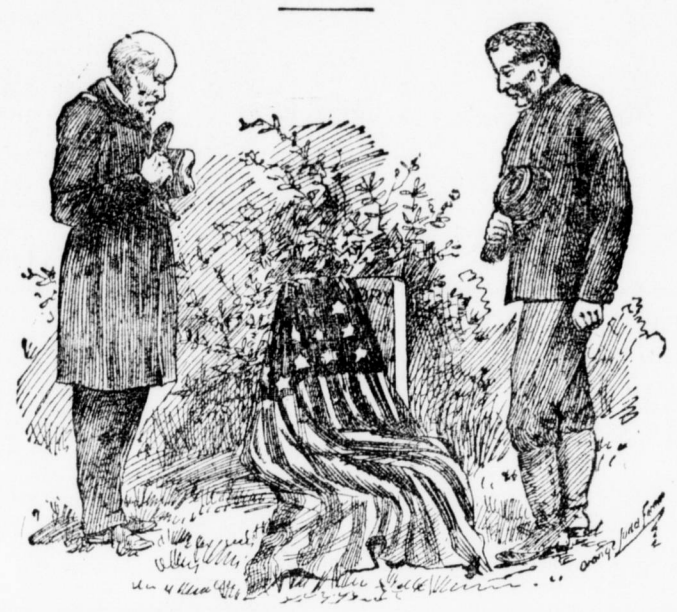
Mr. Bryan availed himself of a recent opportunity offered by a banquet to say that "at the present time the gold standard is maintained at the dictation of foreign financial interests and against the protest of a large majority of the American people." The only popular protests which have been heard lately regarding gold are made by people who find it inconvenient to carry around even a comparatively small quantity of gold coin. They are not protesting against the gold standard. What they want is gold standard paper, not always crisp and clean, but always worth its face in gold coin. Those men who object to the physical use of gold because it is bulky are of all people the ones who do not want the silver standard, for with that standard they would have to lug about with them 20 silver dollars as the specie equivalent in value of an eagle. Evidently Bryan misinterprets the significance of what he sees in the papers about protests against the use of gold. Few Americans now are objecting honestly to the gold standard, because the productivity of the gold mines has knocked the bottom out of the yarn that gold was "scarce." This year's output of gold will amount to about $340,000,000. Not over $65,000,000 of that will be used in the arts. That will leave a surplus of $275,000,000 for monetary purposes. This will much more than make good the wear and tear of existing stocks and meet the demand for new gold occasioned by the increase in trade and commerce throughout the world.—Chicago Tribune.

Duty of the President.

The president does not permit himself to forget that he is not the entire government. It is not his business to determine the future of the Philippines; to decide upon a permanent plan of government for the inhabitants of those islands. His duty is to restore order under the sovereignty of the United States. He did not begin, our military forces did not begin, the conflict in which they are now engaged with that comparatively small section of the Filipinos who adhere to the self-seeking, treacherous adventurer, Aguinaldo. All that the administration could do to avert trouble with that man and his dupes was done. All that can be done to put an end to the trouble is being done. As to the righteousness or unrighteousness of the war that is supplementing the war with Spain, we do not believe the Free Press makes a correct diagnosis of the public conscience. The people know that our motives in this are as honorable as they were when we took up arms to put an end to insufferable conditions in Cuba. From that day to this our course has been consistent with our high professions.—Washington Post (Ind.).

☞Some months have elapsed since the editor of sixteen to one inclination has made inquiry about general prosperity.—Indianapolis Journal.

THE OLD VETERAN AND THE NEW.



Side by side in this year 1899 by the graves where "Sleep the brave, who sink to rest, by all their country's wishes blest."

OPENS THE GATE.

President McKinley Issues an Important Order.

Nearly 4,000 Offices are Removed from the Classified Civil Service and Room is Made for that Number of Men Who Now Seek Government Jobs.

Washington, May 30.—President McKinley on Monday issued the amendments to the civil service rules which he has had under consideration for about a year. It releases from the operations of the civil service rules about 4,000 offices.

The provision covering the removal of persons in the classified service is altered materially in language and as changed reads as follows:

"No removal shall be made from the competitive classified service except for just cause and for reasons given in writing; and the person sought to be removed shall have notice and be furnished a copy of such reasons and be allowed a reasonable time for personally answering the same in writing. Copy of such reasons, notice and answer and of the order of the removal shall be made a part of the records of the proper department or office, and the reasons for any change in rank or compensation within the competitive classified service shall also be made a part of the records of the proper department or office."

Rule 7 of the act is amended so as to give to persons honorably discharged from service in the army or navy of the United States in the Spanish-American war, as well as the veterans in the civil war, preference in the making of appointments. The term of eligibility, heretofore one year from the date of the entry of the name of the eligible candidate on the civil service commission's register, is extended for a further period of one year, in the discretion of the commission. The following section now added to Rule 8 makes permanent in the discretion of the heads of departments all existing temporary appointments:

"All persons serving under temporary appointments at the date of the approval of this section may be permanently appointed, in the discretion of the proper appointing officer; and the special rule approved January 20, 1899, relative to temporary appointments in the navy department is hereby rescinded."

An entirely new rule is added, classifying all officers and employes in the classified service as follows, unless otherwise provided by law:

Class A, all persons receiving an annual salary of less than $720 or compensation at a less rate; B, from $720 to less than $840; C, $840 to $900; D, $900 to $1,000; E, $1,000 to $1,200; Class I, $1,200 to $1,400; two, $1,400 to $1,600; three, $1,600 to $1,800; four, $1,800 to $2,000; five, $2,000 to $2,500; six, all at $2,500 or more. This classification does not include persons appointed to an office with the advice and consent of the senate, nor mere laborers or workmen. Hereafter no person appointed as a laborer or workman without examination under the civil service rules shall be assigned to work at the same grade as that performed by classified employes.

The largest classes included in the order, and thereby excluded from the classified service, number thus:

Deputy collectors, internal revenue service, 472.

Storekeepers and gaugers temporarily employed, 500.

Military park commissioners and employes, 58.

Postoffice finance clerks and cashiers, 28.

Private secretaries at certain post offices, 22.

Deputy marshals, 204.

Private secretaries to United States district attorneys, 57.

Special agents, general land office, 30.

Financial clerks at Indian agencies, 60.

Pension examining surgeons, 675.

Fatal Practical Joke.

New York, May 30.—Frank McGill died suddenly in the car house of the Paterson Railroad Co. at Paterson, N. J., Sunday night, being killed by electricity. Joseph Grant and Christopher Ashfield, who were also employed at the car house, were arrested Monday upon charges of manslaughter. Grant admits that a practical joke was played on McGill, a live wire being connected with a soft soap tub. It was expected that when the men took out soap to wash their hands they would receive a slight shock. The wire was of high tension.

WHEN SOLDIERS COME HOME.

Volunteers Now in the Philippines are to be Mobilized at Minneapolis and St. Paul, After Their Return.

Washington, May 30.—All the volunteers now in the Philippines, if they are mustered out at San Francisco, are to be invited to mobilize at Minneapolis and St. Paul. There they are to be tendered a rousing welcome, made the more notable by the presence of President McKinley. The president has been anxious to meet all the troops who served in the Philippines if this were practicable and he agreed to go to Minneapolis and St. Paul to greet the Minnesota volunteers. With the possibility that the president might be unable to continue his trip further west, the Twin Cities have undertaken to arrange for the mobilization of all the volunteers as their guests. The organizations, if mustered out at San Francisco, will be transported to Minneapolis and St. Paul as the guests of the Twin Cities. After the jubilee the troops will go home to their respective states at the expense of the states.

The program is to have the North and South Dakota, Montana, Colorado, Tennessee, Iowa, Pennsylvania, Kansas and Nebraska volunteers at this gathering and, if possible, those from Washington, Utah, Oregon and California. The date upon which the troops will reach St. Paul and Minneapolis will depend upon the rapidity with which transports can be placed at their disposal by the war department, but it is expected that once started the troops will all be landed at San Francisco within six weeks. The first of the troops are expected to arrive by the middle of June and the last by August 1. The jubilee therefore probably will occur early in August. The president's acceptance of this invitation does not necessarily mean that he has abandoned his contemplated trip to the Pacific coast.

A TALE OF TWO CITIES.

Pittsburg and Buffalo are Visited by Severe Storms.

Pittsburg, May 30.—A terrific wind and rain storm passed over this section Monday, doing considerable money damage, but no fatalities resulted. The early rumors had a number of people killed, but later reports show that the most serious effect of the storm was the almost electrocution of Annie Sullivan, a 10-year-old girl, who was on her way home from school. She was struck by a live telephone wire, heavily charged by a cross with electric light wires. The wire caught her across the throat and burned into the flesh from ear to ear. The physicians say she has a chance of recovery. The Miller street school house in Minersville was unroofed. No one was seriously injured.

The roof of A. Warmcastle's livery stable in the East End was blown off and the entire system of telephone, telegraph and trolley circuits was prostrated, delaying street car traffic for three hours. The East End electric light plant was partially wrecked, resulting in the machinery being stopped for the night, leaving the East End in almost total darkness.

Buffalo, N. Y., May 30.—A severe rain and wind storm passed over Buffalo and vicinity Monday, causing damage to property and injury to a number of people. In this city the 90-foot smoke stack at the Buffalo Cast Iron Pipe Co. was blown over and in falling it crushed in the wall of the foundry building. Andrew Reidle and Valentine Hahn, workmen in the foundry, were probably fatally injured and 20 others were slightly hurt. At Lockport the grand stand at the Lake avenue ball grounds was wrecked. Daniel Toothill, 14 years old, was fatally injured.

Hood's Immunes Return.

New York, May 30.—The United States transport Logan arrived here Monday from Gibara, Cuba, with 47 officers and 636 men of the Second volunteers, known as Hood's immunes. This regiment returns in fine condition, the men looking healthy and strong.

Beef Contract Awarded.

Washington, May 30.—The award of the contract for furnishing fresh beef to the army in Cuba and Porto Rico has been made to Swift & Co., of Chicago. There are 19 posts to be supplied in Cuba. The proposals were for refrigerated beef and freshly slaughtered beef, the latter to be cooled so as to be in condition for use immediately upon delivery. The requirements are for first class meat and conform on general lines to the refrigerated beef furnished to army posts in this country. The meat is to keep 24 hours after delivery.

"In Union There is Strength."

True strength consists in the union, the harmonious working together, of every part of the human organism. This strength can never be obtained if the blood is impure. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the standard prescription for purifying the blood,

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

Masculine Idea of a Tea.

Empty two quarts of dried peas into a bass drum and trim up the outside with pink baby ribbon and you have the average man's idea of his wife's five o'clock teas.—Atchison Globe.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Patience and Practice.

A clever young physician here, who, like so many of his brethren everywhere, has had a weary time trying to build up a practice, nevertheless meets his hard fortune with smiling gayety. Like Warren Hastings, his motto is "Nitor in Adversitum."

In company with a friend, he had occasion the other day to go into the Hibernia bank, where, owing to the throng of customers, he could not get his business transacted at once. After considerable delay, his companion, a nervous little man, complained irritably of the inconvenience to which they were subjected.

"Doesn't this put you out of patience, Doc?" he asked.

"My dear sir," returned the medico, gayly, "to be out of patients is my chronic condition. I haven't had one for a week."—San Francisco News Letter.

Opinions of a Pessimist.

The fact that you can make a mule work in harness constitutes one of the chief differences between a mule and a genius.

Every dog has his day. The cat is on the night force.

The man who doesn't lift his hat when he meets his wife probably refers to his mother as "the old lady."

A man seldom marries his first love. When he gets old enough to take a wife she is generally busy cutting down papa's pants for Willie.

Some men are born rich and some are born lucky, but they all have to lose their milk teeth and have the measles just the same.—Chicago Post.

Wanted a Door.

The sun blazing down on a race course, far, far east of Suez, and on a field of hot, excited horses and men, waiting till the eccentricities of the starter and an even more eccentric horse combine to get us in line. The patience of the former is at last exhausted. "Bring up that horse! Come up on that beast! You'll get into trouble over this, I tell you," and so forth. The Australian lightweight replies patiently: "I can't help it, sir. This is a cab horse, this 'orse is. He won't start till the door shuts—and I haven't got a door!"—Academy.

A Powerful Incentive.

The condition of a man's liver has more to do with his reputation for generosity than is generally understood.—St. Louis Star.

Look the Same.

Yeast—Did you ever take any of those mud baths?

Crimsonbeak—Well, I ran for office once. —Yonkers Statesman.

A sallow skin acquires a healthy clearness by the use of Glenn's Sulphur Soap.

Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, 50 cents.

What He Got.

Ethel—He offered me an engagement ring.

Edith—And of course you gave him the "glad hand!"—Puck.

But a Short Time.—"And pray," asked the gay coquette, "what is this claim of yours to distinction?" "Why," replied the lovelorn caller, "I am the man of the hour!" —Brooklyn Citizen.

Clear on One Point.—Sprockett—"Do you believe that the bicycle has seen its best days?" Tyre—"I know mine has."—Philadelphia North American.

[LETTER TO MRS. PINKHAM NO. 46,970]

"I had female complaints so bad that it caused me to have hysterical fits; have had as many as nine in one day.

"Five bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cured me and it has been a year since I had an attack.

Mrs. Edna Jackson,
Pearl, La.

If Mrs. Pinkham's Compound will cure such severe cases as this surely it must be a great medicine—is there any sufferer foolish enough not to give it a trial?

1000s of UNSOICITED TESTIMONIALS SAY:

T. HILL MANSFIELDS
CAPILLARIS

Permanently cures all Itching, Burning, Scaley, Scalp and Skin Diseases, such as Salt Rheum, Eczema, Scald Head, Chilblains, Piles, Burns, Baby Humors, Dandruff, Itching Scalp, Failing Hair (thickening and making it Soft, Silky, and Luxuriant). All Face Eruptions (producing a Soft, Clear, Beautiful Skin and Complexion). It contains no Lead, Sulphur, Cantharides or anything injurious. An easy, great seller. Lady canvassers make $7 to $8 a day. Druggists or mail 50c. Capillaris Manufacturing Co., N. Y. Address T. HILL MANSFIELD, Agt., GLEN RIDGE, N. J.

LOVING TRIBUTE.

Remarkable Observances of the Nation's Memorial Day.

American Soldiers in the Philippines and in Cuba Honored Their Dead —Ceremonies at Gettysburg and at Gen. Grant's Tomb —Gen. Wheeler Addresses G. A. R. Men.

Manila, May 31.—Memorial day was celebrated at Battery Knoll, where Scott's guns were planted against the Filipino trenches in the first day's fighting at Manila. Nearly 300 soldiers lie buried there on a bleak mound surrounded by rice fields, rough boards marking the graves, which are ranged in five unbroken rows. Beyond these are Spanish blockhouses and bamboo hedges, which were mown by shells from the American guns.

The few soldiers who could be spared from the trenches came to Battery Knoll bearing flowers with which to strew their comrades' graves. A silk flag was placed above each mound.

The guns of the monitor Monadnock, bombarding Paranque, boomed a significant reminder of the nearness of war. Just as the Sixth artillery band began a dirge the thunder of the Monadnock's guns ceased, while taps sounded from the bugle.

Col. Charles Denby, of the United States Philippine commission, presided at the exercises. He spoke briefly of the peculiar solemnity of the day. The chaplain of the British cruiser Powerful made an invocation. Chaplain Pierce, of the Twenty-third infantry, and Chaplain Cressey, of the Minnesota volunteers, delivered orations, and the soldiers sang appropriate hymns.

After taps had been sounded soldiers took the flags from the graves to send to relatives of the dead. Similar services were held over the dead in the Paco cemetery.

Most of the business places in Manila were closed in observance of the day. The American and many foreign flags were displayed at half-mast. The graves of soldiers and sailors buried at Cavite and Iloilo were also decorated yesterday.

Havana, May 31.—Decoration day was observed here in a notable manner. At 9 a. m. a committee of women were taken in Rear Admiral Cromwell's launch, escorted by a detachment of marines, to the wreck of the battleship Maine, where they strung the skeleton of the unfortunate craft with ropes of laurel and wreaths of flowers.

Mrs. Lucien Young represented the navy at the decoration of the graves of the sailors and soldiers interred in the Colon cemetery. A great many flowers and wreaths were placed upon the graves of the heroes. Similar exercises took place at the Quemados cemetery.

New York May 31.—The sarcophagus of Gen. Grant in the tomb at Claremont was covered with flowers yesterday after impressive ceremonies by U. S. Grant Post, of Brooklyn, an address by Gov. Roosevelt and a presidential salute of 21 guns, fired from the cruiser Brooklyn, which lay in the Hudson just below the hill. More than 10,000 persons witnessed the ceremony.

Gettysburg, Pa., May 31.—Memorial day was observed at the National cemetery here with the usual elaborate ceremonies and the graves of fallen heroes were decorated by school children and veteran soldiers of the civil war. In the parade, Pennsylvania volunteers, who served during the war with Spain, marched as an escort to the G. A. R. The principal speaker was Hon. D. D. Woodmansee, of Cincinnati.

Boston, May 31.—Yesterday for the first time an ex-officer of the Confederacy delivered the Memorial day address before a New England Grand Army post. Gen. Joseph Wheeler, the cavalry leader who led the boys in grey at the famous charge at Shiloh and, nearly 37 years later, beneath the stars and stripes, cheered on the volunteers at Santiago, was the orator and guest of honor at the Memorial day services of C. W. Kinsley post, G. A. R., at the Boston theater. The immense auditorium was filled to its utmost capacity.

When Gen. Wheeler arose to speak the applause was tumultuous, cheer upon cheer arose from thousands and it was nearly 15 minutes before the general could make himself heard.

AN OIL WELL ABLAZE.

Six Men Terribly Burned as the Result of Striking a Match.

Marion, Ind., May 31.—The striking of a match by a spectator near an oil well three miles east of Marion last night caused the oil surrounding the well to ignite and the flames instantly spread, consuming everything for several squares. Six men who were on the tank into which the oil was pouring, were terribly burned. They are:

Thomas McDonald, Bluffton, owner of the well.

L. S. Gordon, Montpelier, foreman of the Indiana Pipe Line Co.

Samuel Spellacy, Lima, O., an oil producer.

Mack Watts, Lima, a producer.

Albert G. Ford, Kokomo, traveling for the Daniel Stewart Drug Co.

Fred Rose, Philadelphia, a silk merchant.

The injured men were brought to the hospital at Marion,

Supposed to Have Been Captured.

Manila, May 31.—Two petty officers of the United States hospital ship Relief went sailing in the harbor yesterday. Their boat was afterward found in the possession of natives near their Paranaque lines by the monitor Monadnock. The men are supposed to have been killed or captured. The cruiser Boston will soon sail for the United States with Capt. Barker, temporarily in command of the squadron, and the departure of that officer will leave Capt. George F. Wilde, now in command of the Boston, in supreme control until the arrival of Rear Admiral Watson.

A MODERN PASTORAL.

It Is Spoiled by a Prosaic Irish Workman with No Eye for Romance.

They were waiting for the 5:45 p. m. New York train—five Italian bootblacks in a group on the platform of Mamaroneck station, says the New York Commercial Advertiser. Why there and in such numbers with only himself—taking the season by the forelock for summer board—the passing stranger could only wonder idly as he watched them seated in a dirty but attentive semicircle, each on his blacking kit, before the eldest of them, a well-grown, handsome lad of about 15.

He was seated flat upon the station platform, braced against the warm red brick of the station wall, a picturesque figure, picturesquely occupied. He had cut a branch from a tree and had fashioned it, dexterously enough, into that first of all musical instruments, a shepherd's pipe. And he was playing on it, as the shepherd in "Tannhauser" plays when he sings about the lovely May. It was May 1, too, as it happened, and a beautiful May 1, as this last one was. Spring in the air; on the trees about the station the first filmy shadowing of green; filtering through it the golden haze of the declining sun, and there, against the warm red background of the station wall the comely lad, dreamily at ease, with the tattered flap of his soft hat flung back and his black-fringed eyelids pensively downcast, as he played his shepherd's pipe—but did the real shepherd's pipes sound like that, the passing stranger wondered, on old Hymettus' heights?

"Say, boy," said a prosaic Irish workman, coming along, puffing with haste, and covered with the lime and plaster of his day's job, "a little music goes a long way. Shut up."

THE LATEST FAD.

In London It Is Telling One's Fortune and Future by Various Means.

Astrology, chiromancy and kindred sciences survived the middle ages, and for aught we can tell many an anxious inquirer to-day is busily engaged, with the aid of retort and crucible, in quest of the philosopher's stone, or in seeking to fix the site of buried treasure by means of a simple fumigation, says Black Wood's Magazine. People pay money to have their characters told from their handwriting. No fancy bazar is complete without its soothsayer or spaewife. This adept is, as a rule, more polite and discreet than Cadwallader in "Peregrine Pickle." But for an adequate fee he or she is quite prepared to frighten clients into fits by predicting evils imminent or remote.

In private life many ladies may be found to read your hand with the perspicacity of a Heyraddin Maugrabin, or to construct your ephemeris with the judgment of a Galeotti. They will discourse to you fluently of lines of life and health, of Jupiter, of Mercury and, above all, of Venus. If Saturn appear combust they will pull a long face and their alarm for your future will know no bounds if Mars have more dignity than is rightly his in the cusp of the twelfth house. As for "scrying" in a crystal glove, do we not all know that Mr. Lang finds therein his chief diversion after golf and fishing?

Tooth-Pulling by Proxy.

The sultan of Turkey is most inquisitive as to what is said and written about him abroad. Every day translations are laid before him from the newspapers of the world, and these are all closely perused. His majesty is a bad hand at suffering. At one time he wanted to have an aching tooth removed and dared not. Eight slaves had molars drawn out in his presence that he might have an opportunity of judging the extent of suffering entailed, and finally the sultan decided that he would rather bear the pain than undergo such an ordeal.

Jack the Tooth-Puller.

In Bath, England, there is a dentist's assistant who has a mania for tooth extraction. He goes along the streets, and on meeting a little boy alone tells him to "open his mouth and shut his eyes." When the request is complied with, and before the unsuspecting juvenile is aware of what is going on, a pair of forceps is introduced between the open jaws and out comes a molar.

Nobles as Thick as Fleas.

In 1880 it was estimated that there were 650,000 princes and other hereditary nobles in Russia, and since then the number has increased.

Danger in the Sultan's Job.

Of the 38 sultans who have ruled the Ottoman empire since the conquest of Constantinople by the Turks, 34 have died violent deaths.

Tight Lacing in Saxony.

Saxony's minister of education has issued a decree that all young girls attending public schools and colleges shall abandon the use of corsets and stays. It is alleged that girls of ten and twelve years were addicted to tight lacing.

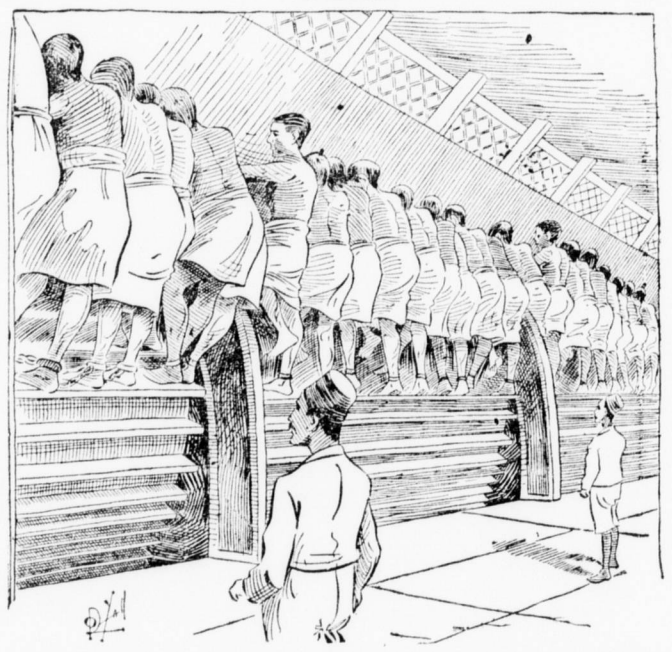
Waiters Demand Tips.

The waiters of London, England, held a meeting recently, at which the unanimous opinion was expressed that tipping showed the true gentleman, and that the man who refused to tip ought to have his food and drink fired at him

PROF. ARTHUR T. HADLEY.

This talented scholar has been chosen to succeed Dr. Dwight as president of Yale university. Prof. Hadley is the son of James Hadley, the eminent philologist and Greek scholar. His mother, who was Miss Anne Twining, passed through the full course of Yale mathematics. Prof. Hadley is about 43 years of age. He is a Yale graduate, has studied extensively in Europe, and has been professor of economics at Yale for some years. He is the author of a number of works on economical subjects, which have been translated into several foreign languages.

THE TREADMILL AT RANGOON, INDIA.



The whole machinery of the enormous prison at Rangoon, the largest in the east is worked by human power generated by the treadmill seen in the picture, which will accommodate 100 men at one time. The wrists of the prisoners are chained to a bar, so that they cannot leave the mill until allowed to do so. If a convict is refractory, and will not tread, he simply falls down as far as his wrist irons will let him, while the ever-moving wheel barks his shins at each revolution.

ARBITRATION TRIBUNAL.

Details of the Plan Submitted to the Disarmament Congress by Americans.

The Hague, June 1.—Both sections of the disarmament committee met yesterday and, as was anticipated, failed to agree with regard to the questions of new inventions in armaments.

The drafting committee of the arbitration committee made some advance. The American delegates submitted their scheme relating to an arbitration tribunal. The plan provides that each country shall appoint a single arbitrator to be selected by the supreme court of the signatory powers. The tribunal shall have a permanent central seat and be composed of at least three judges who shall not be natives or residents of countries belonging to the powers in disaccord. The general expenses shall be shared proportionately. In the event of new facts arising within three months of a decision, the same tribunal shall have power to try again the question in dispute. Recourse to the tribunal shall be optional for the signatory powers.

The tribunal shall not take cognizance of any dispute until assured that the parties concerned will accept its decision. The convention shall come into force and the tribunal be established when nine powers, eight of which shall be European or American, and four of which shall be signatories of the treaty of Paris in 1856, shall have adhered to the convention.

Apart from the above project the Americans proposed a special scheme of mediation, providing that in the event of a difference arising between two powers, each shall choose another power to act as its second. The powers thus selected shall do all they can to reconcile the opponents. These seconding powers shall, even when war has broken out, continue their efforts with a view of ending hostilities as soon as possible.

THE CAUSES OF WAR.

Gen. Otis Explains the Circumstances Leading to Hostilities in the Philippines.

Washington, June 1.—The secretary of war has made public the report of Gen. Otis on the operations around Manila up to April 6. Gen. Otis begins with this statement: "The military operations are fairly well represented in the reports and I have little to add thereto, but desire particularly to call attention to the rise of conditions which resulted finally in war. This I deem to be essential to correct the somewhat prevailing impression that the government of the United States is responsible through deceit or wrongful action for the present existing hostilities."

In the latter part of January the insurgents became aggressive, interfering with American troops and finally led Gen. Otis to address a letter to Aguinaldo calling attention to the arrest by Filipinos of some American soldiers and a newspaper correspondent and requesting an explanation.

Aguinaldo replied that the men were arrested inside his lines for breach of a decree forbidding foreigners to approach the insurgent lines.

Gen. Otis explains that the Americans were not outside our lines and says he quotes the correspondence merely to show the efforts of the American authorities to maintain peace. He next tells how the American soldiers were openly insulted and how the insurgents had continually labored to strengthen their lines, threatening to drive the Americans out of the island and how finally, on the night of February 4, the demonstration was made which resulted in the killing of a Filipino by an American sentry and the firing on the Americans by the insurgent troops.

BIMETALLISTS MEET.

A Convention of Silverites Begins Its Sessions at Louisville, Ky.

Louisville, Ky., June 1.—The Ohio Valley League of Bimetallic Clubs, comprising the states of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Kentucky, is holding its third annual convention in this city. Macauley's theater, the scene of the gathering of the white metal hosts, was profusely decorated when the convention was called to order Wednesday afternoon. When President Tarvin, of the league, began his annual address, the lower floor was only comfortably filled, while the balcony was only partially occupied and the gallery entirely deserted, but as the convention progressed the crowd increased until perhaps 1,000 persons were in the theater.

At the conclusion of his address, Judge Tarvin was introduced and spoke at considerable length. His remarks were at times received with the greatest enthusiasm, any reference to a reaffirmation of the Chicago platform or an indorsement of William Jennings Bryan as the presidential nominee being the signal for vociferous applause.

Following Judge Tarvin, Congressman James Robinson, of Indianapolis, made an impromptu speech. In reference to the coming campaign of 1900, the speaker said that it lay with the democratic party to name the victor and that they would make a good mistake if they did not select Bryan.

Flying Fox Wins the Derby.

London, June 1.—The Derby, otherwise the 219th renewal of the Derby stakes, was won yesterday by the Duke of Westminster's bay colt Flying Fox, at the second day of the Epsom meeting. Twelve horses ran.

Armor Makers Didn't Bid.

Washington, June 1.—Bids were to have been opened by the navy department yesterday for armor for the battleships, monitors and armored cruisers now authorized by law, but no bids were received within the price fixed by congress. The Carnegie Steel Co. and the Bethlehem Iron Co. submitted statements that they were unable to furnish armor of the character required at the price fixed by congress. A San Francisco firm made a blanket offer to furnish all the armor required for $450 per ton, which, however, is above the limit fixed by congress.

TAXES AND IMMORALITY.

Subjects Brought Before the Mazet Committee—Millionaires Escape the Tithe Gatherer.

New York, June 2.—The sessions of the Mazet committee yesterday were noticeably chiefly for two points, one the turning at bay of Mr. Moss and the other evidence regarding the existence in this city of the most frightful form of depravity.

Mr. Moss opened the session with an outburst of indignation against the way in which witnesses had treated him. He demanded the protection of the committee and announced his intention of bringing Police Capt. Price before the committee to make him prove the charges he had made against Mr. Moss. During this heated appeal from the committee's counsel Dr. O'Sullivan, who appears for the city departments, frequently interrupted, and in intense anger Mr. Moss demanded that O'Sullivan be denied the privilege of participating in the proceedings. Mr. Mazet upheld Mr. Moss and Dr. O'Sullivan was rebuked, but allowed to remain in the committee room.

Joseph Dillon, who is an employe of Mr. Moss, related the circumstances of an attempt to serve a subpoena on Police Capt. Price yesterday. He testified that Price said to him: "Go away from here or I'll throw you overboard, you crook."

"You serve that subpoena this afternoon," said Mr. Moss in a tone that signified his determination to make Price prove his accusations.

The evidence regarding the flagrant existence of the worst forms of vice was given by two of Mr. Moss' agents. It established the fact that under the eyes of the police there were running on the Bowery the vilest of resorts.

Thomas L. Feitner, president of the tax board, testified that among his appointments were those of a number of relatives at large salaries.

Mr. Moss went into the assessments of John D. Rockefeller, Cornelius Vanderbilt, J. P. Morgan, Russell Sage and George Gould. In the case of Rockefeller, Sage and Vanderbilt the record merely showed that they were assessed in 1898 and 1899 after making no appearance. In the case of Mr. Morgan it showed that he was assessed on $1,000,000 and that he consented to an assessment on $400,000 after stating that he had no property upon which he could be assessed.

"Do you mean to say," said Mr. Moss "that Mr. Morgan swore that he was not taxable and then volunteered to pay on $400,000?"

"That is what I mean to say," said Mr. Feitner.

In the case of George Gould the record showed that he was not assessed. Mr. Moss asked if any effort had been made to place him on the roll, and Mr. Feitner said that not as far as he knew. Mr. Feitner admitted that a tremendous amount of injustice resulted from the personal tax system as it existed at present.

LOST BABE FOUND.

The Clark Child and Her Kidnapers are Discovered Near a New York Village.

Garnerville, N. Y., June 2.—Marion Clark, the 21-months-old infant kidnaped from her parents' home in New York on May 21, was discovered two miles south of Sloatsburg, a village about eight miles from here, Thursday afternoon. She was found at the farm house of Charles Youmans and was in the custody of Mrs. Jennie Wilson, who took the baby to that place during the early part of last week. Mrs. Wilson was accompanied by her husband and stated to Mrs. Youmans that she wanted board for the little girl for the summer. Mrs. Wilson said she had made arrangements with her husband to send all correspondence to her by way of the St. Johns post office, which is a few miles from Sloatsburg.

The Clark baby attracted the country people by her appearance, her large blue eyes and pink complexion being particularly noticeable. The curiosity which the child aroused made her captors grow uneasy and they kept her closely confined at the Youmans home. As soon as the notices of the abduction reached the neighborhood the people began to suspect that the child was Marion Clark. They felt positive of it, because the child wore the same clothes as at the time when she was stolen. As soon as Deputy Sheriff Charlston learned of the abduction he went to the farm house of Charles Youmans and found Mrs. Wilson, from whom he demanded the child. Mrs. Wilson claimed she knew nothing whatever of the child. The deputy sheriff produced a warrant, arrested the woman and demanded information as to the whereabouts of the child. At this Mrs. Wilson weakened and made a confession. The baby was then produced.

Arthur Clark, the father of the abducted baby, arrived here last evening and identified the child as his lost Marion.

The arrest of the man giving the name of James Wilson, husband of the woman, took place soon after Mr. Clark had departed. He had come back and gave himself up to the justice who left him with his alleged wife.

Aguinaldo Gets $200,000.

Seattle, Wash., June 2.—The Hong Kong Daily Press reports that the claim made upon the Hong Kong and Shanghai bank by Aguinaldo for $200,000 deposited with the bank, has been settled. The money has been paid over to Aguinaldo's representatives.

Are Not Contract Laborers.

Washington, June 2.—It has been decided to allow the company of Filipino actors now detained at San Francisco to enter the United States for the purpose of giving exhibitions. They will be required to furnish a bond that they will return to their homes after the expiration of their engagement. This case has been a difficult one to decide because these Filipinos came to country under contract to give exhibitions. It will be held, however, that they are not contract laborers within the meaning of the contract labor law.

GERMANS GET 'EM

Spain Cedes the Caroline and Marianne Islands.

THEY KEPT IT A SECRET.

News of the Deal Surprised Officials at Washington.

BUT THEY DON'T GET GUAM.

Uncle Sam Will Retain that Portion of the Caroline Group Which was Captured Last Year by Americans—Description of the Islands.

Madrid, June 3.—In the speech from the throne at the opening of the cortes yesterday it was announced that the Marianne, Caroline and Palaos islands were ceded to Germany by the late cabinet.

Washington, June 3.—The announcement that Spain had ceded the Caroline islands and Palaos and the Mariannes was received with surprise here. The cession marks the relinquishment of Spanish possessions in the far east save the island of Fernando Po and dependencies on the African coast. The dispatch containing the news was shown to the German embassy officials, but Ambassador Von Holleben said that he had no comments to make. He had received no information, he said, as to the cession and the German foreign office has not communicated the facts to him.

Reports have been current from time to time that Spain was figuring on a transfer of sovereignty of the Carolines and that Germany had made overtures looking to their acquisition in the extension of her colonial possessions. Sovereignty over the Carolines was formally adjudged by the pope in 1885 to be in Spain and was admitted by Germany and Great Britain. This was after a rather prolonged dispute, opened up by Germany raising her flag over the island of Yap. Portugal first acquired the Caroline islands, but Spain soon wrested the group from her, but until about 1880 had paid little attention to the islands.

German interests in the Carolines are extensive and have been fostered by a provision of the pope's award, he as arbitrator awarding sovereignty to Spain, but reserved to the German government special trade facilities. The Marianne islands, which go with the Carolines and Palaos in the cession, of course do not include Guam, over which the American flag now flies. Including Guam the Mariannes, the Carolines and Palaos have a total area of almost 1,000 English square miles and a combined population of about 45,000 people. Over all this, save the American acquired island of Guam, the German flag is to be hoisted.

Gave a Ball to Filipinos.

Manila, June 3.—The United States Philippine commission on Thursday night gave one of the most brilliant balls Manila had ever seen. It was one of a series of entertainments intended to foster friendship between the Americans and natives. The commission has the handsomest residence in Manila, overlooking the harbor. The ground surrounding it was illuminated, while the house was decorated with the American colors. The newly appointed judges, Gen. Otis, a number of other American officers and many wealthy natives were present. There was a display of gorgeous toilets and many jewels were worn.

Esterhazy Confesses His Guilt.

London, June 3.—The Chronicle says Maj. Esterhazy called at its office last evening with a friend and after declaring that the time had arrived when the whole truth should be told, although hitherto by reason of constant orders and inducements he had kept silence on the essential point, made the following statement: "The chiefs of the army have disgracefully abandoned me. My cup is full and I shall speak out. It was I who wrote the bordereau. I wrote it upon orders received from Sandherr."

Chewing Gum Combine Incorporated.

New York, June 3.—Articles of incorporation of the American Chicle Co. were filed with the secretary of state at Trenton, N. J., yesterday with an authorized capital of $9,000,000. The American Chicle Co. is the consolidation of six leading chewing gum concerns. The promoter of the enterprise is Thomas F. Harvey, of Chicago. Mr. Harvey said that the consolidation would not be likely to result in the closing of the factories, or any appreciable rise in the price of chewing gum.

No Necessity Now for a Call.

Washington, June 3.—The cabinet at its meeting Friday decided that there was no present necessity for the enlistment of volunteers. The president stands ready to authorize the enlistment of volunteers should more be deemed necessary. Gen. Otis is to be given the 30,000 men for whom he has asked. The additional 5,000 or 6,000 troops to make up the 30,000 are to be taken from the regulars now in Porto Rico, Cuba and this country.

Deposed for Heresy.

Windsor, Ont., June 3.—The trial of Rev. Dr. B. E. Austin, ex-principal of Alma college, St. Thomas, on a charge of heresy, before the London Methodist conference, was sensational. Dr. Austin startled the conference by declaring himself an ardent believer in modern spiritualism. He said he had been converted by a woman mind reader in Detroit. The conference unanimously deposed him.

Strauss Is Dying.

Vienna, June 3.—Johann Strauss, the famous Austrian composer, now in his 74th year, is believed to be dying.

Cameron County Press.

ESTABLISHED BY C. B. GOULD.

HENRY H. MULLIN,
Editor and Manager.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

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If paid in advance.....$1 50

Political Announcements.

All Announcements under this head must be signed by the candidate and paid in advance to insure publication.

County Commissioner.

Having lived in this county nearly all my life and never having asked for, or held, a county office, I have taken this opportunity to offer myself as candidate for County Commissioner, subject to decision of the Republican County Convention.

DELOS BURLINGAME.

Sizerville, Pa., Feb. 20, 1899.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, June 5th, 1899.

President McKinley will issue no call for volunteers for the Philippines for sometime, if it all. Owing to the rainy season, no extensive military operations will be conducted in the Philippines before fall. Gen. Otis has reported that 30,000 men are all that he will need, and regulars will be sent to him in sufficient numbers to keep his army at about that number and still allow all of the volunteers who wish to do so, to return home and be mustered out. Gen. Otis has also been authorized so enlist as many natives as he cares to. Adjutant General Corbin says that all the volunteers will be home in the course of five or six weeks.

The speeches made when the new Spanish minister to President McKinley were out of the ordinary in the matter of plain language. The minister said: "I have come to renew the relations of friendship, which have existed from of old between Spain and the U. S., and which were interrupted by the war of last year, and now, looking only to the future, Spain desires that her relations with this republic may be as friendly as they were in times past and from the days in which this country was struggling to gain its independence." President McKinley said in reply: "You will find, Mr. Minister, a cordial welcome in this country, not only from those whose friendship you acquired during your former residence, but from all our people, who rejoice as I do at the renewal of the ancient bonds of amity which, with a brief interruption, have united our nations for more than one hundred years. That these friendly relations may be confirmed and strengthened, to the advantage of both peoples, is my earnest wish, and I can assure you that every member of this government will heartily co-operate with you to that desirable end."

There is naturally much gossip in official and diplomatic circles about the official announcement that Germany had purchased from Spain its remaining island possessions in the Pacific, paying $5,000,000 therefor.

A member of the Cabinet when asked whether this government felt any concern about the deal, replied: "No; why should it? We have acquired everything we want in that quarter." It is now recalled with amusement that while the Paris Peace Conference was was in session, the German newspapers, known as government organs, fairly teemed with editorials telling the United States to be just and liberal to her fallen foe, and pointing out the greatness of magnanimity in a nation. It was thought at the time that these articles were printed because of the sympathy of the German government for Spain, instead of being inspired by the selfish desire to keep the U. S. from taking articles that Germany had already bargained to buy, if they were not taken.

The inventive genius of the country is always most active when the country is most prosperous, and it was never more active than at this time. But, by the good management of Commissioner Duell, the efficiency of the U. S. Patent Office has increased even faster than the number of applications for patents. This is so marked that the prominent patent law firm of C. A. Snow & Co., which has obtained more than 20,000 patents for inventors in every city, town and village in the country, say they are getting prompter—the average is from four to ten weeks—and more intelligent action upon application for patents than at any time in their twenty-five years' practice.

"Private" Dalzell, who knows Ohio politics from top to bottom has just returned from the State. He speaks with enthusiasm of the Republican ticket and platform, and says there are no serious schisms in the Republican ranks. He predicts that Judge Nash will be elected Governor by a majority of not less than 50,000 and says he will not be surprised if it goes 20,000 higher.

Frank Thompson, President of the Penna. R. R., died suddenly at his home at Merion, last Monday. This removes the foremost railroad man in the country.

EXCURSION NOTICES.

Reduced Rates to St. Louis via Pennsylvania Railroad Account Meeting Grand Lodge B. P. O. Elks.

On account of the meeting of the Grand Lodge, B. P. O. Elks, at St. Louis, Mo., June 20 to 23, 1899, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell round-trip tickets from points on its line, to St. Louis and return, at *greatly reduced rates*. Tickets will be sold June 18 and 19, good to return until June 25.

For specific rates and conditions apply to Ticket Agents. 1296-15-2t

California and Return.

One fare plus two dollars for the round trip via direct lines. Small advance to return via Portland, Tacoma and Seattle. Choice of lines east from Portland, viz., Northern Pacific Ry., Great Northern Railway, or Canadian Pacific Ry., to St. Paul. Tickets will be sold June 25 to July 7, good to return until September 4. For map, time-table and full particulars address John R. Pott, District Passenger Agent, Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, 486 William street, Williamsport, Pa. 14-2t

CONVENTION NATIONAL EDUCATIONAL ASSOCIATION, LOS ANGELES, CAL.

Reduced Rates via Pennsylvania Railroad.

For the National Educational Association Convention, to be held at Los Angeles, Cal., July 11 to 14, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets via direct routes from points on its line, to Los Angeles, Cal., and return, at rate of *single fare for the round trip, plus $2.00 membership fee.* These tickets will be sold, good going, June 24 to July 7, and, when stamped by Joint Agent at Los Angeles, good to return, arriving at final destination, until September 5.

For further information apply to Ticket Agents. 1284-14-2t.

Thousand Island Excursion, July 1st, 1899.

The W. N. Y. & P. Ry. will run one of their personally-conducted low-rate excursions to the Thousand Islands, Saturday, July 1st. Tickets will be sold for train leaving Emporium at 8:30 a. m. Fare for round trip $6.50. Tickets good for ten days returning. The party will go via Rochester where the New York Central will be taken for Clayton, arriving at 6:00 a. m. For sleeping car space or further information apply to W. N. Y. & P. Ry. agents or write S. B. Newton, Excursion Manager, 614 Mooney-Brisbane Bldg., Buffalo, N. Y. If sufficient space is engaged in advance, a sleeping car will be run through without change, starting from Titusville going via Oil City. Otherwise sleeper will be taken at Rochester. 15-4t

A VALUABLE PUBLICATION.

The Pennsylvania Railroad 1899 Summer Excursion Route Book.

On June 1 the Passenger Department of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will publish the 1899 edition of the Summer Excursion Route Book. This work is designated to provide the public with short descriptive notes of the principal Summer resorts of Eastern America, with the routes of reaching them, and the rates of fare. It contains all the principal seashore and mountain resorts of the east, and over fifteen hundred different routes or combinations of routes for reaching them. The book has been compiled with the utmost care, and altogether is the most complete and comprehensive handbook of Summer travel ever offered to the public.

It is bound in a handsome and striking cover, in colors and contains several maps, presenting the exact routes over which tickets are sold. It is profusely illustrated with fine half-tone cuts of scenery at the various resorts and along the lines of the Pennsylvania Railroad.

On and after June 1 it may be procured at any Pennsylvania Railroad ticket office at the nominal price of ten cents, or, upon application to the general office, Broad Street Station, by mail for twenty cents. 1283-14-2t

SUMMER OUTINGS.

Personally-Conducted Tours via Pennsylvania Railroad.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company announces the following Personally-Conducted Tours for the summer and early Autumn of 1899:

To the North, including Niagara Falls, Toronto, Thousand Islands, the St. Lawrence, Montreal, Quebec, Roberval (Lake St. John), the Saguenay, Au Sable Chasm, Lakes Champlain and George, Saratoga, and a daylight ride through the Highlands of the Hudson, July 22 to August 7. Rate, $125; August 12 to 25, visiting same points excepting Roberval and the Saguenay. Rate, $100 for the round trip, from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington. Proportionate rates from other points.

Five-day tour to Gettysburg, Luray and Washington, September 16. Rate, $25 from New York, $22 from Philadelphia. Proportionate rates from other points.

An eleven-day tour to Gettysburg, Luray Caverns, Natural Bridge, Virginia Hot Springs, Richmond and Washington, October 19. Rate, $65 from New York, $63 from Philadelphia. Proportionate rates from other points.

For itineraries and further information apply to ticket agents, or address Geo. W. Boyd, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Philadelphia.

1297-15-2t

Leaning out of a window, with the accent on the lean, seems to be the special vocation of the fat woman.

Mr. P. Ketcham, of Pike City, Cal., says: "During my brother's late illness from sciatic rheumatism, Chamberlain's Pain Balm was the only remedy that gave him any relief." Many others have testified to the prompt relief from pain which this liniment affords. For sale by L. Taggart. jun

A grocer in a New York paper tells of a bride who entered his store and gave an order for "ten pounds of paralyzed sugar, one pound of desecrated codfish and a bag of fresh salt—and be sure it is fresh." Composing his features into a respectful sobriety, the grocer ventured to suggest the addition of some very nice horseradish. "No," was her reply, "we couldn't use it; we don't keep a horse." When she had flitted, the grocer sat down on the ice box and fanned himself with a patent washboard, although the temperature outside was nearly zero.

Bad management keeps more people in poor circumstances than any other one cause. To be successful one must look ahead and plan ahead so that when a favorable opportunity presents itself he is ready to take advantage of it. A little forethought will also save much expense and valuable time. A prudent and careful man will keep a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in the house, the shiftless fellow will wait until necessity compels it and then ruin his best horse going for a doctor and have a big doctor bill to pay, besides; one pays out twenty-five cents, the other is out a hundred dollars and then wonders why his neighbor is getting richer while he is getting poorer. For sale by L. Taggart. june

Position is everything. We are in a position to save you money on

GROCERIES AND MEAT.

All goods are selected with scrupulous care, and cash used to good advantage. Buying in large quantities for cash, enables us to sell goods at prices that are right.

COME AND SEE.

Do you use a churn? Ask about the

"LITTLE KING."

Alex. McDougall,

Groceries and Meat.

Summer Tailoring.

Beautiful Summer Goods for Gents Suits, at

R. SEGER & CO.'S,

Opposite M. E. Church, Emporium, Pa.

SUITS FROM $12.00 TO $30.00.

JORDAN BROS.,

West Fifth Street.

We carry a complete line of

Staple and Fancy Groceries, Dry Goods, Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats, Fruit in Season, Tobacco, Cigars, Confectionery and School Supplies.

We would be pleased to have you call and inspect our stock whether you purchase or not.

Goods delivered anywhere in town free of charge.

JORDAN BROS,

No 43, W. Fifth St., Emporium, Pa.

R. SEGER & SON,

Next to Bank, Emporium, Pa.

NOW OPENING!

Full Line of Summer Clothing And Furnishings.

Neckwear!

The Finest assortment of neckwear ever seen in this county.

New Shapes in Hats!

R. SEGER & SON.

BOARDING HOUSE.

707 VINE STREET, PHILADELPHIA, PA., OPPOSITE FRANKLIN SQUARE.

Cameron county people visiting Philadelphia will find this a convenient and central location. Terms $1.00 per day. Reference, by permission, to PRESS office, Emporium.

MRS. S. B. KING.

No. 7-26t

BUY GOODS IN CHICAGO

Have you tried the Catalogue system of buying EVERYTHING you use at Wholesale Prices? We can save you 15 to 40 per cent. on your purchases. We are now erecting and will own and occupy the highest building in America, employ 2,000 clerks filling country orders exclusively, and will refund purchase price if goods don't suit you.

Our General Catalogue—1,000 pages, 16,000 illustrations, 60,000 quotations—costs us 72 cents to print and mail. We will send it to you upon receipt of 15 cents, to show your good faith.

MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.

MICHIGAN AVE. AND MADISON ST.

CHICAGO.

33 -5-13t.

Get an Education

An exceptional opportunity offered to young men and young women to prepare for teaching or for business. Four regular courses; also special work in Music, Shorthand, Typewriting. Strong teaching force, well graded work, good discipline and hard study, insure best results to students of

Central State Normal School

LOCK HAVEN, Clinton Co., PA.

Handsome buildings perfectly equipped, steam heat, electric lights, abundance of pure mountain water, extensive campus and athletic grounds. Expenses low. State aid to students. Send for catalog.

JAMES ELDON, Ph.D., Principal.

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LOCK HAVEN, PA.

THE PEOPLES'

CLOTHING HOUSE,

METZGER BLOCK, OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

The Latest Spring Styles.

Men's Hats in the newest blocks and shades that are decidedly up to the minute. Spring Neckwear in all the popular shapes and colorings in great variety. Newest things in clothing. In fact I have the finest line of Clothing and Gents Furnishings ever shown in Emporium and prices were never lower. All are this season's make.

YOURS FOR GOOD GOODS, AT LOW PRICES.

JASPER HARRIS.

Metzger Block, opposite Post Office, EMPORIUM, PA.

R. C. DODSON,
—THE—
Druggist,
EMPORIUM, PA.

IS LOCATED IN THE CORNER STORE.
At Fourth and Chestnut Sts.,

OUR CAREFUL STUDY.

The compounding of prescriptions is an exact science. Competency only comes after careful study. To give best results from the medicine the filling of prescriptions must be absolutely accurate.

Our constant study keeps us up to the times, and your health benefits by our exact and careful work.

DODSON'S PHARMACY,
Cor. Fourth and Chestnut Sts.

EMPORIUM
MILLING COMPANY.

PRICE LIST.

Emporium, Pa., Jan. 3, 1899.

NEMOPHILA, per sack,	$1 20
Graham, "	60
Rye "	60
Buckwheat, "	65
Patent Meal, "	45
Coarse Meal, per 100,	1 00
Chop Feed, "	1 00
Middlings, "	1 00
Bran, "	1 00
Corn, per bushel,	56
White Oats, per bushel,	45
Choice Clover Seed, Choice Timothy Seed, Choice Millet Seed, Fancy Kentucky Blue Grass,	At Market Prices.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Contributions invited. That which you would like to see in this department, let us know by postal card, or letter, personally.

Jos. Lingle is visiting at Philadelphia.

Michael McCarthy sprained his left foot last Satuday and now uses a cane.

Deputy County Treasurer F. S. Coppersmith was a PRESS caller on Monday.

Harry Minard visited Austin friends last Sunday.

H. M. Duell, of Driftwood, circulated among his Emporium friends on Tuesday.

Mrs. Jos Fisher and son Clyde are visiting relatives at DuBois and Indiana.

Mrs. D. L. Robbins, of Eldred is the guest of W. B. Thompson and family, on Fourth street.

Frank Wheaton is laid up with an injured foot, having severely cut his left foot with an axe.

Miss Jennie Robinson, of Sinnemahoning, was guest of Jos. Kaye and family over Sunday.

Chas. W. Shaffer is attending the democratic state convention as delegate from this county.

Mrs. John Kackenmaster and daughter, left on Saturday to visit relatives at Williamsport.

C. J. Goodnough visited Galeton over Sunday. He took in the Gale Hose fair Saturday evening.

Mrs. Josiah Howard and daughter are visiting at Lock Haven, guests of Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Barrows.

Chas. Bloom left for Tidioute on Monday to work in the furniture factory for his brother P. J. Bloom.

Martin Foster, of Lebanon is now foreman at the furnace. He came to Emporium on Monday.

Mr. Wm. McDonald, of Beechwood, was in town to-day and made the PRESS office a business call.

Jos. Kaye and wife visited in Williamsport a couple of days last week, returning home on Saturday.

Miss Knox, of Coudersport, was visiting relatives in Emporium last Saturday, guest of Hon J. C. Johnson.

Miss Elsie Deavor, of Austin, visited Emporium friends on Monday and Tuesday, guest of Wm. Lyons and family.

Our old friend and neighbor Stowe Barton, of the Independent, enjoyed a visit from a brother last Saturday and Sunday.

Geo. Walker, Jr., returned last evening from visiting Buffalo relatives and friends and of course had a very elegant time.

P. J. Burke and Miss Katie Bair, two of our nice young people will be married at St. Mark's church, next Wednesday.

Wm. Wylie and son George, two of Gibson's solid citizens visited in town this week. They will read the PRESS another year.

Mrs. Geo. J. LaBar, who accompanied Master Geo. Rishell to Elmira have returned. Geo. says he showed his grandma a big time.

Edward D. White, of Lebanon, Pa., arrived in Emporium on Monday and accepted a position as bookkeeper with the furnace company.

Mr. G. M. Pott, of Lebanon, Pa., a practical mechanic and very genial gentleman, has accepted the position of Master Mechanic at the furnace.

Jacob Slaigle returned on Monday from Trenton, N. J., where he has been visiting a sister, accompanied by his daughter Miss Julia, who will remain in Trenton some time.

Misses Josephine Deavor and Goldie Lyons were poisoned on Monday last by eating caramels. Their condition was not dangerous, but they were quite sick for a short time.—Austin Republican.

Geo. B. Barclay, Watson Barclay, E. C. Council, Sinnemahoning; Chas Gleason, John Gleason, Samuel Kreider and T. S. Patchell, Driftwood, transacted business in town last evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Wells, of Warren, Pa., visited in town several days during the past week, guests of Mrs. Wells' parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Quinn. Mr. Wells is a telegraph operator, employed at Warren.

Don M. Larrabee returned from Erie on Monday. He had nothing to say in relation to that gold brick the boys sent him by express, only that it caused him to "cough up sixty-five cents express charges."

B. W. Green, Esq., returned home on Monday from a business trip to his Tioga county farm, where he let the contract for the erection of a modern farm house to take the place of the old homestead recently destroyed by fire.

Mrs. E. C. Davison and her friend, Mrs. Milligan have returned from Indiana, Pa They report a delightful visit. Before returning home they visited Ralph Davison at State College and are enthusiastic in praise of this popular educational institution.

Jake Wenk, of the Forest Republican, recently entertained his old friend Wilcox from Waterford and after walking him through all the thickets and brush heaps in the county, comes out in his next issue and endeavors to convey the impression that wild turkeys' imprints in the mud have been found in the woods. Too thin, Jake.

Dr. W. H. Ulsh, sailed Wednesday for Manila to be gone several months. Mrs. Ulsh arrived here Saturday evening for an extended visit with her parents and friends....James Davison, of Emporium, was in town one day last week drumming up a cigar trade. Jimmy like thousands of other reasoning men, believes the best paper is the local paper, and that every business man in the community should be represented.—Driftwood Gazette.

BRIEF MENTION.

Plenty of work in Cameron county.

Mechanics and laborers of all kinds are busy as bees on a honey-suckle.

At the regular meeting of the School Board, Monday evening, Geo. Pepper was elected janitor of the Borough school buildings.

It is not necessary to inform the PRESS readers that A. H. Shafer was in his seat at Monday night's session of the Council. A squint at the lengthy proceedings is all that's needed.

We see by the Kane Leader that the good Dr. Swallow is slowly recovering and is able to be out. It did not state the doctor's complaint, but we think he is just recovering from the shock of last November.

John Wanamaker has just made a contract with the New York Journal for a page advertisement, six days each week, for one year, for $250,000, and still some people wonder if it pays to advertise and kick when they are asked to pay a few dollars in the home paper for a small advertisement.

Millions Given Away.

It is certainly gratifying to the public to know of one concern in the land who are not afraid to be generous to the needy and suffering. The proprietors of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, have given away over ten million trial bottles of this great remedy; and have the satisfaction of knowing that it has absolutely cured thousands of hopeless cases. Asthma, bronchitis, hoarseness and all diseases of the throat, chest and lungs are surely cured by it. Call on L. Taggart, druggist, and get a free trial bottle. Regular size 50c. and $1. Every bottle guaranteed, or price refunded.

School Board Meeting.

The new school board met at City Hall last Monday evening and organized by electing L. K. Huntington, President; J. D. Logan, Secretary, and F. P. Rentz, Treasurer. Two old and faithful directors, E. C. Davison and T. B. Lloyd, retired, their places being filled by L. K. Huntington and W. S. Walker. Prof. Stauffer was unanimously elected principal of our schools with the following assistants: Assistant Principal, Miss Helen VanValkenburg; Grammar, Miss Mabel Cush; A Intermediate, Miss Louise Bonham; B Intermediate, Miss Elvia Whiting; A Primary, Miss Mame Cleary; B Primary, Miss Lillian Heilman.

EAST WARD BUILDING.

A Intermediate, Miss Hattie Russell; B Intermediate, Miss Cora Barker; A Primary, Miss Annie Carter; B Primary, Miss Rosa Bair.

Thieves entered M. M. Larrabee's store last Thursday night and carried away a gun and other sporting goods.

In our account of the memorial services at the M. E. Church, last week, wherin we stated the number of people present at 300 we should have said 600. Of course the mistake was not "ours" and we lay it to the "office cat" or the "office towel."

Letters from the People.

[All communications under this head must be accompanied by the writer's name. We will not be held responsible for any expression in this department.]—EDITOR.

THE LIARS MEETING.

Editor of the Press:—

Our Club recovered sufficiently from its last meeting to congregate in Hobo Hall in special meeting last Monday. Owing to the absence of Ed. McNerney, who was detained as escort to John Hogan, who refuses to believe that he is not far enough advanced in the art to become a member of this club, Dutch Narby was called to the chair. We sized up Pap's gauge and we are waiting for those wind jamers to show up. It will be the last of the Sinnemahoning Liars' Club. Patsy Burke and Mike Dolan were given three weeks leave of absence for special reasons. Ed. Morris agrees to help us out with a bear story. James Farrell will tell about his bike ride to the moon and Ed. Hillyard how to read law. After singing "Hoc der Kaiser," we all went out to kill Dalrymple's dog, who ate the democratic lunch from W. Va.

ANTHONY.

Tough on the Hen.

Years ago, when the writer was engaged in railroading upon the W. N. Y. & P. R. R., he became thoroughly acquainted with one Wm. Sprung, an engineer from the N. Y. C., who was employed to take charge of the "pushers" operating on the mountain which seperates Liberty from Shippen. Sprung was born and reared in Rochester, N. Y., and almost from his infancy had taken a deep interest in railroad work, and finally became, as before stated, a first-class locomotive engineer. The boys all called him "Bill" and to simply say that he was a favorite among them would be drawing it mildly. They all loved to know that "Bill" was behind their trains pushing them up the steep grade. While "Bill's" knowledge of motive power could not be questioned, it must be confessed that he knew just as much in regard to farming and stock culture as the average hen would know about ironing a ruffled shirt. "Bill's" second wife was the daughter of one of Cameron county's most progressive farmers and, as matters dropped into line, he moved his family from Shippen to Emporium, where they now reside. It was the opportunity which "Bill" had long sought, and the way chicken coops, goose yards and pig pens were added to the premises occupied by our old friend, was a caution to "bedbugs." This year, "Bill" determined to raise ducks, and having an old hen, which had signified her intention of sitting on eggs, tin cans, stones, or most any old thing, "Bill" hied himself away to the grocer and purchased a baker's dozen of robust looking duck eggs, which he took home, and preparing an elegant nest he placed the eggs carefully and deposited the old hen thereon. He watched said hen with solicitous care, but as the days rolled into weeks and the weeks into months he became somewhat uneasy and determined to ascertain the cause of the delay. The old hen was lifted carefully from the nest, and taking one of the eggs (which, by the way, were piping hot) he carried it outside intending to place it under microscopic observations. But, alas! "Bill" stubbed his toe on the door sill and dropped the egg, which was broken into bits, disclosing the fact that the entire setting of eggs were china nest eggs, which had been foisted upon our old friend as genuine duck eggs. We don't know whether "Bill" used any cuss-words or not, but we learn that the old hen was obilged to vamous the nest, and in a hurry too. We don't feel much inclined to stock or poultry raising ourselves, but we would advise our old railroad friend to get posted on the size and color of eggs before allowing his hens to wear themselves out trying to hatch ducks from china eggs.—Port Allegany Press.

I was seriously afflicted with a cough for several years, and last fall had a more severe cough than ever before. I have used many remedies without receiving much relief, and being recommended to try a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, by a friend, who, knowing me to be a poor widow, gave it to me. I tried it and with the most gratifying results. The first bottle relieved me very much and the second bottle has absolutely cured me. I have not had as good health for twenty years. Respectfully, Mrs. Mary A. Beard, Claremore, Ark. Sold by L. Taggart. june

ALL AROUND THE COUNTY.

Beechwood.

The excelsior works are about to start.

Miss Jennie Young has left this place for Emporium where she will remain for some time.

Mr. Glen Toner spent Sunday with his parents.

Clate Toner, while bicycling from Emporium came in contact with John Zerbie's dog and Clate was smeared with mud and carried the bicycle home.

We learn that Charlie Cook has a visitor at his house. How about a smoke, Charley.

Jacob Ives is going into the tobacco business up Big Run.

If you want to hear big fish stories, Tom, the operator, can tell them.

SIMPLE SIMON.

Mason Hill.

Cool nights and warm days.

The late rains have improved the growth of the crops very much.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Williams and Mrs. O. B. Tanner visited Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Jordan and family one day last week.

Mrs. Leona Hay, of Straight, who has been visiting her parents at this place for a few days returned home Saurday.

Mrs. C. W. Williams and daughter, Alice made a flying trip to Emporium on Friday.

Miss Ethel Barr left Tuesday for the summer resort at Mix Run.

Maud Williams was the guest of Lizzie Jordan one day last week.

Claud C. Williams left Tuesday for the bark woods where he will stay until the Fourth.

A certain person says he is glad that a story in one of the county papers has come to an end, so he does not have to borrow his neighbor's paper to read it.

Miss Stella Logue visited Maud Williams on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Williams and Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Miller visited Mrs. Martha Miller on Sunday.

Buckwalter.

Tax collector Lockwool and Mr. John Kelley, of Emporium, passed through our busy town Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Chilson, who were lately married, spent Sunday with Mr. Hillyard.

Presiding Elder Black, held quarterly meeting here last Sunday, assisted by our pastor, Rev. Mulliner. Never in the history of our town has there been such a large turnout.

Miss Clara Sipple, after a short visit to the county seat, returned home last week.

Owen Denny claims that he has the fastest horse on the Creek and it is no joke. Bring on your trotting stock, Martin.

Mayor Hillyard has added two more hands to his farm on account of the strawberry and garden truck coming in. He will certainly surprise Emporium people this summer.

Mrs. Woodcock was seen wheeling on our streets one day last week.

Allie Card resigned his position on the strawberry farm.

Johnnie Hogan who has been grinding coffee for the men who work in the glass works at Kane, passed through our town Thursday morning for Emporium, where he will rest up and spend the Fourth.

One of the chief attractions that will will be in our burg on the Fourth will be a baloon ascension by Prof. Pat Curran. He will go to the height of 4000 feet and then descend in a parachute.

Rattlesnakes are quite numerous about here this summer.

Mr. Eddy, who runs a steam laundry in St. Marys, was in town last week.

Mrs. Dunbolton and daughter visited Emporium on Saturday.

BILLIE SNOW.

Sterling Run.

Silver Star Hive L. O. T. M. reorganized on Tuesday afternoon, at this place, with thirty-eight members, including nearly all the principal ladies in the place.

The Sterling Run base ball nine has fitted up its ball ground in tip-top shape and are calculating to offer prizes far the best games on the 4th of July. Particulars later.

Ox roast, base ball games, platform dance on the 3rd or 4th of July in Sterling Run. We intend to have a general resurrection at that time and a greeting to all under the auspices of the Knights of the Maccabees.

The School Board of Lumber township met on Monday afternoon and reorganized for 1899-1900, with Jos. Kissell as President; G. B. Sherer, Treasurer, and Thos. F. Moore, Secretary. D. B. Peterson, former teacher of the upper grade, was unanimously elected for the coming term at this place.

Mrs. Ellsworth, Lady Deputy of the L. O. T. M., of Cortland, N. Y., has been here the past few days in the interest of the Order.

A new store has been started next door to the post office. T. S. Fulton is in charge.

Samuel F. Ebersole, Jr., and Ella M. Lewis were married on Monday evening, at the home of the former's father, by Rev. M. L. Jackson, of Snow Shoe, Pa., assisted by Rev. S. F. Grady, of Boston, Mass.

Mrs. Mary Herrick has returned from Hydetown Sanitarium, where she was attending her daughter Ella.

Perry R. Smith, Gen. Supt. Elk Tanning Co., was in town Monday.

Wm. Arnold, one of our old residents, has returned again.

Our jobbers are complaining of the scarcity of men. Good Republican times now—you never saw men scarce in Democratic times. How is it Mr. Hacket, you never advertised for bark peelers then.

RAMBLER.

The new mercantile license law which goes into force next year, embraces all those barbers who have for sale soaps, perfumeries, hair oil, cosmetics, etc. The license they will be called upon to pay amounts to two dollars a year.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents a box. For sale by L. Taggart. v34-n2-ly

Spreads Like Wildfire.

You can't keep a good thing down. News of it travels fast. When things are "the best" they become "the best selling." Abraham Hare, a leading druggist, of Belleville, O., writes: "Electric Bitters are the best selling bitters that I have ever handled in my twenty years experience." You know why? Most diseases begin in disorders of the stomach, liver, kidneys, bowels, blood and nerves. Electric Bitters tones up the stomach, regulates liver, kidneys and bowels, purifies the blood, strengthens the nerves, hence cures multitudes of maladies. It builds up the entire system. Puts new life and vigor into any weak, sickly, run-down man or woman. Only 50 cents. Sold by L. Laggart, druggist, guaranteed.

Council Proceedings.

Regular meeting Borough Council, Emporium, Pa., June 5, 1899.

Present: Messrs. Strayer, Burke, Burns, Warner, Schweikart, Lloyd Shafer, Catlin. Absent: Mr. Palmer.

Minutes of last regular and adjourned meetings read and approved.

Moved by Mr. Lloyd, seconded by Mr. Burke, that the bills as follows be paid. Carried:

E. G. Strait, gas pipe	$ 50
Wm. Snyder, work on streets	1 50
T. F. Moore, team work on streets	3 53
Tony Seifried, team work on streets	19 50
John Blinzler, draying	50
Charles Prosser, team work on streets	24 50
Chas. Fry, team work on streets	2 00
John Welsh, work on streets	19 50
W. Dalrymple, files	25
Frank Burnell, work on streets	8 25
T. Cavanaugh, work on streets	9 75
Thos. Smith, work on streets	49 50
Walker, Howard & Co., invoice	7 95
S. E. Murry, plumbing, etc	1 44
S. S. Hacket, lumber	25 29
St. Marys Gas Co., gas to July 1st, '99	36 00

The report of the Borough Treasurer was received and placed on file.

A communication from the Board of Health was received as follows:

Resolved, 1st.—That the Borough Council is hereby respectfully requested to connect Fifth street, down Chestnut street, with the main sewer without delay.

2nd.—That the County Commissioners be requested to have all sewage from the county buildings connected with this Chestnut street sewer, soon as constructed, instead of allowing the same to pass under the railroad track into an open ditch on the Iron Company's property as at present.

3rd.—That the property owners on the north side of Fifth street, between Chestnut street and Walnut street, be requested to make house connections with Chestnut street manhole when built.

4th.—That property owners on north side of of Allegany Avenue between Poplar street and Knickerbocker residence be requested to make house connections with manhole on Poplar street and all property owners owners west of said residence and within the borough limits be requested to make house connections with manhole on Woodland Avenue.

5th.—That the Borough Council is hereby requested to make an appropropriation to the Board of Health of fifteen dollars as per list of supplies from the Health Officer.

6th.—That a copy of these resolutions be served on the Borough Council and published with the proceedings of the next stated meeting, for the benefit of whom it may concern.

Moved by Mr. Catlin, seconded by Mr. Burke, that we build a sewer from Fourth street to Fifth street, on Chestnut street, according to plans and specifications on file. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Shafer, seconded by Mr. Schweikart, that we levy a water tax of four mills, a bond tax of three mills and a borough tax of two mills for the current year. The ayes and nays were called as follows: Ayes: Messrs. Burns Schweikart, Shafer, Strayer—4. Nays: Messrs. Burke, Warner, Lloyd, Catlin—4. The motion was declared lost.

Moved by Mr. Lloyd, seconded by Mr. Catlin, that we levy a borough tax of three mills, a borough bond tax of three mills and a water tax of four mills for the current year. The ayes and nays were called as follows: Ayes: Messrs. Burke, Warner, Lloyd, Catlin, Strayer—5. Nays: Burns, Schweikart and Shafer—3. The motion was declared carried.

Moved by Mr. Burke, seconded by Mr. Lloyd, that a committee of three be appointed to inspect the approach to the Hamilton Hose House with authority to instruct the Street Commisioner to rebuild or repair same in a proper manner. Carried. Chair appointed Messrs. Burns, Catlin and Burke, with W. H. Howard.

Moved by Mr. Burke, seconded by Mr. Shafer, that the above named committee investigate a mudhole near J. P. McNarney's property, and at various other places and report at next meeting. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Shafer, seconded by Mr. Catlin, that the Street Commissioner be instructed to build the sewer on Chestnut street, according to plans, etc., on file. Carried.

On motion the Council then adjourned.

C. JAY GOODNOUGH, Sec'y.

RULE OF COURT.

RULE of Court, adopted April 24th, 1899. It is hereby ordered that hereafter the First Monday of July and the Third Monday of January, shall be Regular Terms of Court, but no Jurors shall be summoned for the July Term.

BY THE COURT.

Prothonotary's Office, Emporium, Pa., May 1st, 1899. 12.3t-

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of MRS. CATHERINE WELSH, deceased.

LETTERS of Administration on the estate of Mrs. Catherine Welsh, late of the Borough of Emporium, in the county of Cameron, State of Pennsylvania, have been granted to James E. Wade, of North Clarendon, Pa., to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

JAMES E. WADE, Administrator.

May 13th, 1899.—12-6t.

NOTICE.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Cameron county, No. 1, July Term, 1899.

To THE EASTERN BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION, OF SYRACUSE, N. Y., the holder of the mortgage hereinafter named:

NOTICE is hereby given that William McGee, of Emporium, Cameron county, Pennsylvania presented his petition to said Court for the satisfaction of a certain mortgage given by the said William McGee to the said The Eastern Building and Loan Association, of Syracuse, N. Y., dated March 2nd, A. D., 1891, recorded in Cameron county, in Mortgage Book "C," page 20, &c., setting forth that said mortgage was given to secure the payment of $1,818.81, payable monthly id seventy-eight promisory notes as set forth in said mortgage; that the said several notes had been paid as they matured and that the full amount of the said mortgage with its interest had been paid, but that the said The Eastern Building and Loan Association, of Syracuse, N. Y., had neglected and refused to enter satisfaction of the said mortgage of record although requested so to do as set forth in said petition.

Whereupon the Court ordered that notice of the facts as set forth in said petition be served by the Sheriff of Cameron county on the said, The Eastern Building and Loan Association, of Syracuse, N. Y., or on the legal representative or representatives of said Association if found within the county, and if not found there, then to give public notice of this proceeding by advertisement in one newspaper published in the county of Cameron, once a week for four successive weeks prior to the next term of Court, requesting the said parties to appear in said Court on Monday, the 3rd day of July, A. D., 1899, to answer the said petition.

FRANK MUNDY, Sheriff.

B. W. GREEN, and
C. W. SHAFFER,
Attorneys for Petitioner.

Business Cards.

B. W. GREEN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Emporium, Pa.
A business relating to estate, collections, real estates, Orphan's Court and general law business will receive prompt attention. 42-1y.

J. C. JOHNSON. J. P. MCNARNEY,
JOHNSON & MCNARNEY,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
EMPORIUM, PA.
Will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to them. 16-1y.

MICHAEL BRENNAN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Collections promptly attended to. Real estate and pension claim agent,
35-1y. Emporium, Pa.

F. D. LEET,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW and INSURANCE AG'T.
EMPORIUM, PA

TO LAND OWNERS AND OTHERS IN CAMERON AND ADJOINING COUNTIES.
I have numerous calls for hemlock and hardwood timber lands, also stumpage &c., and parties desiring either to buy or sell will do well to call on me. F. D. LEET.

CITY HOTEL,
WM. MCGEE, PROPRIETOR
Emporium, Pa.
Having again taken possession of this old and popular house I solicit a share of the public patronage. The house is newly furnished and is one of the best appointed hotels in Cameron county. 30-1y.

THE NOVELTY RESTAURANT,
(Opposite Post Office,)
Emporium, Pa.
WILLIAM MCDONALD, Proprietor.
I take pleasure in informing the public that I have purchased the old and popular Novelty Restaurant, located on Fourth street. It will be my endeavor to serve the public in a manner that shall meet with their approbation. Give me a call. Meals and luncheon served at all hours. no27-1yr Wm. MCDONALD.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL,
THOS. J. LYSETT, PROPRIETOR,
Near Buffalo Depot, Emporium, Pa.
This new and commodious hotel is now opened for the accommodation of the public. New in all its appointments, every attention will be paid to the guests patronizing this hotel. 27-17-1y

MAY GOULD,
TEACHER OF
PIANO, HARMONY AND THEORY,
Also dealer in all the Popular Sheet Music,
Emporium, Pa.
Scholars taught either at my home on Sixth street or at the homes of the pupils. Out of town scholars will be given dates at my rooms in this place.

F. C. RIECK, D. D. S.,
DENTIST,
Office over Taggart's Drug Store, Emporium, Pa.
Gas and other local anaesthetics administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
SPECIALTY:—Preservation of natural teeth, including Crown and Bridge Work.
I will visit Driftwood the first Tuesday, and Sinnemahoning the third Wednesday of each month.

"IF
IT'S
FROM
DAY'S
IT'S GOOD."

In no department of our business does the above aphorism especially come true than in our Meat Department. The selection of our meats, which are government inspected, is a matter of the most painstaking care and are of unquestionable character.

The weather is getting warm and you should run no risk.

The Best Proof

That our goods and service are right is that we hold our Old Customers and constantly get New Ones. If your present service is not satisfactory,

TRY
US AND
WE WILL
PLEASE YOU.

WESTPHALIA CALIFORNIA
HAMS, 7½ Cts. Per Lb.
J. H. DAY.
Fourth St., Emporium, Pa.

The Place to Buy Cheap
—IS AT—
J. F. PARSONS.

The Broad Street Bakery,
IS THE PLACE TO BUY.
Having recently opened a Bakery and Confectionery store, I am now prepared to serve you Fresh Bread, Pies and Cakes, Confectionery, Fruits, etc.
All orders receive prompt attention.
GEO. H. GROSS.
Broad Street, Emporium, Pa.

TOWARD SUNSET.

O come, my love, and walk with me
Through the orchard's leafy ways,
And hear the song of bird and bee
We heard in other days,
When all the world was good and kind,
When hearts were warm and true,
And the narrowest path our feet could find
Was wide enough for two.

Once more we'll keep a loving tryst
Beneath the bending boughs,
Where first your maiden lips were kissed,
And first we breathed our vows.
There where with beating heart you came
To greet me at the bars,
And, waiting, I would speak your name,
And spell it in the stars.

Time sprinkles frost upon our heads,
But love's eternal youth
Dwells in each happy breast and sheds
The beauty born of truth.
And heart to heart and lip to lip
We'll breath our vows divine,
'Till in the last long sleep you slip
Your loving hand in mine.
—Nixon Waterman, in L. A. W. Bulletin.

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SYNOPSIS.

Master Ardick, just reached his majority and thrown upon his own resources, after stating his case to one Houthwick, a shipmaster, is shipped as second mate on the Industry, bound for Havana. Mr. Tym, the supercargo, descries a sail. The strange vessel gives chase, but is disabled by the Industry's guns. In the fray one of the crew is killed and Houthwick is seen to fall. The captain is found to be dead, but the Industry is little damaged. Sellinger, first mate, takes charge and puts into Sidmouth to secure a new mate. Several days later, when well out to sea, an English merchantman is met, whose captain has a letter addressed to Jeremiah Hope, at Havana. The crew of the vessel tell strange tales of the buccaneer Morgan, who is sailing under the king's commission to take Panama. One night a little later, the English vessel having proceeded on her course, a bit of paper is slipped into Ardick's hand by one of the sailors. This is found to be a warning of a mutiny plot headed by Pradey, the new mate. Ardick consults Mr. Tym. They resolve to secure the mate, but Pradey, eavesdropping in the cabin, makes through the door and arouses the crew. Capt. Sellinger joins Ardick and Tym. The crew break through the now barricaded door, but are forced to retire, having lost seven of their number. Finding themselves now too short-handed to manage the boat, Pradey decides to scuttle and desert the vessel, taking his men off in the only avaailable boat. The captain, supercargo and second mate soon discover their plight, but hastily constructing a raft get away just before their vessel sinks.

CHAPTER VII.

OF THE GREAT STRAIT WE FOUND OURSELVES IN, AND HOW THAT SUBTLE ROGUE, THE MATE, SEEMED STILL TO TRIUMPH.

By this time some showing of what the captain had prophesied as to a change of weather began to appear. The sun was now pretty high, but it did not strike down with its usual heat, a thin, whitish, almost imperceptible haze floating between, and presently I noticed that the northern sea line was a little darkened, so that the horizon itself was not so sharply cut as it had been. The air, too, had a changed feeling—a little damper, as I might say, and with more of the ocean smell in it. I now surmised that we were to catch a bit of a blow, though not a hurricane, and that the wind would presently shift to the north. What sort of business we could make of it Heaven only knew, and it was with no little stirring of apprehension that I finally gave over my studying and directed a more general look around. The long boat was still traveling southwest, and no other sail was to be seen. There was the same easy sea, not so deeply blue as before the thin veil came over the sun, but raising scarcely a crest, and swinging and sinking in diminishing water hills and valleys. The raft climbed up and slid down in the fashion that such a contrivance must, dashing a bit of spray over us now and then, but yet making some headway, and in this sort we continued for perhaps two hours. By that time we had all thought it best to get into our oilskins, Mr. Tym likewise discarding his wig, and in lieu of it drawing on a little knit cap, like a nightcap, and when at last it was quite a bit past noon I got out and served dinner. Of course, it had to be eaten cold, but we added a little brandy, and it relished well, and after this nothing happened till early night.

The wind had swung a little into the north, giving token of what was to be expected, and the sea was coming up a bit, but as yet had made no heads of dangerous size. The sun was setting red, but with a topping of gray clouds, and the air was growing chilly, though it could not yet be called cold. I swept the sea line once more for a sail, but without success, whereupon, feeling weary and a bit discouraged, I flung myself down and drew a piece of canvas over me. I heard Mr. Tym stir about a little—I say heard, for I had covered my head for the moment—and presently knew that he had gone aft to relieve the captain at the helm. I had a strange sort of quiet, secure feeling come over me, then, in a way as though I had no further care of this business and scarce needed to feel fear, and in a moment I was lapsing from that into a drowse. I was called back to myself by a loud tone of talking, and on throwing back the canvas found Mr. Tym and the captain on their feet and looking with great seeming of eagerness toward some point in the western seaboard. I flung the canvas wholly from me and sprang up.

The sea had darkened even in the few moments I had been under the canvas, and only a pale, lemon-colored streak in the west remained of the unset. The raft canted and made its downward slide just as I got steadiness of my legs, and I could only whisk my eye, so to speak, over the shoulder of the crest, before we had dropped into the duskiness of the hollow. But in that glimpse I saw what it was that my companions had discovered. Against the yellow western band stood out a black dot, which could only be a sail!

My heart gave a great jump, and I could have shouted, but in the end I contented myself with saying two or three times profoundly: "Thank God!" and with that stood quietly on my straddled legs, waiting for the next rise of the raft. My companions had given over their talking, and seemed to be holding themselves in patience, as I was, only that, I think, Mr. Tym spoke to me as I stood about for my balance, and so drew his notice. The raft swung to the top of the crest, and as it tipped for the next slide we all looked eagerly for the black dot. There it was, as distinct as ever, and beyond any manner of doubt the narrow-wise view of a ship! We cried out in a kind of cheer, and I then fell to asking with eagerness how long she had been in sight.

"I raised her but a moment since," answered the captain. "She showed first as you see her, and must therefore be bows-on. But, pray you, pass me my glass, and I will see what further can be made of her."

I hastened to fetch his glass from his box of instruments, and when the next lift of the raft was he brought it to bear.

Mr. Tym and I hung on his words, for it was an anxious moment, and presently felt a vast relief when he broke out:

"Yes, a large ship, and bows-on. She can scarce be above four or five miles away, and so she does not change her course should fetch up to us within an hour!"

I could not restrain a step or two of a sailor's shuffle at this, so great was my delight, and Mr. Tym smiled.

"Let us have down the sail," pursued the captain, "for now it does us no good, and puts us to the labor of steering."

I perceived with this that the wind had indeed hauled much to the north, and was therefore driving us continually to leeward. I jumped to the sail and shut it up to the mast and whipped the sheet round it. By this time quite sharp airs were blowing, and the heads of the seas had come up in a sort to fling the spray in small showers over us. We did not much heed this, and drew together in the middle of the raft, and while we kept an eye out for the ship, continued our discourse.

"I mistrust she is a Spaniard," said the captain. "She may well come from the Florida coast."

"I wish you might be wrong," said I, "for the Spanish have no love for us at this time. There has been too much doing by the buccaneers."

"Yet we could speak them fair," said Mr. Tym, "and if pushed to it compound with them in some small manner of ransom. I could raise a sum, given a little time."

"Marry," said I, quite with a light heart, for the prospect of escape had flown like wine into my head, "I am for them, ransom or no ransom. Better a living slave than a dead sailor."

We continued to use the glass by turns and to discuss the thing, till at last we had raised the ship to her hull. She was standing fairly toward us, all her sails, including topgallant sails, spread, and looked to be a large, light-floating craft.

"She has bow ports," said the captain, who had the glass, "though they are scarce visible, as she is painted. Nay, but we must lose no more time, let her be what she may. Take a piece of this canvas, Master Ardick, and display it from the mast."

I speedily had a distress flag flying.

"She sees us!" cried Mr. Tym, who had the glass. "There is a line of heads along the forward bulwarks," he went on, "and a fellow with a telescope is climbing the fore rigging."

She came along fast, her yards all but square, and studding sails hung out aloft. Her tall bows sent up a great boiling of white, which sheared smoothly right and left as she came nearer, though with many plumes of spray, and in this gallant style she stormed down till, at last, being but a gunshot off, she clewed up some sail, put down her helm, and, with her long broadside swung around, came drifting down upon us.

A man in dark attire, with a trumpet in his hand, climbed a few feet up the main rigging.

"Now we shall know what nation she is," said Capt. Sellinger; "but from that steeple of a poop and the poor awkward ordering of those yards she should be Spanish."

So, indeed, it seemed to prove. The man presently hailed, and the speech was Spanish.

"Raft ahoy!"

"'Board the ship!" bellowed back the captain. "Nay, but I can go no further," he said, with a laugh. "I have scarce any Spanish. Do you finish the business."

He addressed me, and I sprang up and stood in his room. The ship had rapidly drifted down and was already within a hundred or a hundred and fifty yards. The man in the rigging shouted: "If you would board us, take to your oars. Be speedy, or you will fall short."

CHAPTER VIII.

OF OUR RECEPTION ON THE SPANISH SHIP.

I saw that this was the case, and likewise feared that he might be of that cruel or indifferent sort that would leave us in the lurch if we failed. Wherefore I let fall the talk with him and hurriedly told the others how the matter stood. The ship was not dead to windward, but in the course she was now traveling stood to pass us about 40 or 50 yards to the south, and it was to cover this gap that we must row. We fell to it, though it was but a poor piece of work, the raft being so clumsy, and at last drew pretty nigh the ship's bow. It was rising and falling at great heights above us, but a seaman appeared on the boltsprit, and at the right moment cast us a line. I caught it and made it fast, and we quickly warped as near as we dared to the lofty side. The bulwark above us was now black with heads, and a dark fellow in a kind of Dutch rig raised himself on the rail, and from there directed us how to proceed. The fore chains were too nearly under the towering house of a foredeck to serve our turn, and the captain seemed too indifferent to put over a ladder, wherefore we were presently drawn along till we were near amidships, where, indeed, we might make shift to scramble up. This we did, first tying on our backs such articles of value as we cared to preserve, and when we were over the side the raft was cast adrift. We then put down our burdens, and with no little interest and anxiety fetched a look about us.

I may have been a bit confused for a moment, for I find I got nothing that sticks in my memory in that first glance. But presently I bring back a crowded deck, most of the faces being dark, and some persons in handsome attire standing a little way from the companion, and for general surroundings a short, flush waist of the ship, poop and foredeck like little castles, and overhead a great but not overneat and shipmanlike spread of spars and sails. Immediately a tall, dark man in rough brown clothes, a wide, flapping hat and Flemish boots pushed out of the press, and I recognized the person who had held the trumpet.

"If you please, Senor Captain," said I, stepping to the front and touching my hat, "we three are escaped from the English ship Industry, which was scuttled and sunk." From here I went on and gave him the other chief outlines of our story. He listened without comment, and when I had finished made a sign to one of his officers and ordered the ship put upon her course. He then turned back to us, and from his cold and rather stern expression I was not expecting a very agreeable or hospitable answer, when there was some stir in the crowd, and those in front stepping aside a tall and stately looking gentleman came deliberately forward. He was, as one would guess, about five-and-fifty years of age, and was comely in the face, but thin, though sturdy and upright in figure. His dress was uncommonly rich, and was the most showy and striking I had seen up to that time.

I bowed low, somewhat impressed by his elegance, and waited with an air of deference for him to speak. I doubted not he was some rich grandee, and very

"You have forfeited your liberty."

likely the owner of the ship and cargo. He looked at me coldly, yet with some curiosity, and after a brief glance at my companion, said in choice Spanish:

"Who are you, senor, and how did you come upon the raft?"

I repeated what I had told the captain, though with some enlargement. As I proceeded I saw his brow darken, especially at the mention that we were English.

"I grieve, senor, to find that you and your friends belong to that nation of heretics and robbers," he said in a severe voice. "Pray, upon what business was your ship, and what was she doing in these waters?"

I perceived the dangerous thing that was in his mind, and suffered no delay in answering.

"Why, your lordship," I replied (I clapped this title to him at a venture), "our ship was a peaceful merchantman, and her business was to convey a cargo of English cloths and small wares to Havana, and fetch sugar, spices and the like thither. Our captain can give you more of this matter."

"And where, think you, went your escaping mutineers?" he inquired, without pause.

This disconcerted me a bit, but I felt it best to out with the truth.

"To join that scoundrel Morgan, if our guess is not greatly at fault," I let go boldly.

He smiled in a grim fashion.

"Aye, senor, such was my thought of the matter. They have gone to join that child of perdition, doubtless, and some good Spanish blood may be shed in consequence. What think you," he went on, looking at me fixedly, "shall I not be doing my sovereign and the church a service if I endeavor to discharge a small measure of this debt?"

I began to think that we had fallen out of the frying pan into the fire, for I was at no loss to guess what he meant. Nevertheless I was resolved not to quail, and, indeed, it was possible he might be only trying me. I collected myself, therefore, and answered him.

"A debt, your lordship, should be paid by the debtor, and not by him who has no part in it. The Spanish blood you speak of was not shed by me or by my comrades. We abhor piracy and every such lawless doing."

The hidalgo nodded, but I could not see that I had produced any measurable impression on him. It was an anxious moment, and I discerned that my companions had detected something amiss and come closer, though I could not then give heed to them.

"Well, senor," he replied, at last, "there is reason in what you say, and I am not disposed to deal with you harshly. Nevertheless"—here his look hardened again, and my spirits sank—"I cannot forget that you are Englishmen. If you yourselves have done my countrymen no harm, neither had the Spaniards of Puerto Rico and Maracaibo done the English harm. Your lives are safe, but you have forfeited your liberty, and on your arrival at Panama will be sold as slaves. You may go forward for the present and serve with the crew."

He nodded to signify that he had concluded, and, with the same stately precision as at first, passed in among the crowd and made his way out of sight.

I was in a measure dumfounded, and stood where he had left me, trying to grasp the full purport of what had befallen. Cast into slavery, and by the people of a Christian nation! What worse would it have been had we fallen among the heathen Algerines? I was aroused from this overwhelmed state by the voice of Mr. Tym, and, turning about, acquainted both him and the captain with what had passed.

"Slaves to the dons, is it?" said Sellinger, when I had finished. "A middling hard port to steer into, after all that has befallen us! The greasy lobscourers! I hope we shall manage to put a trick or two upon them before we are done. To think of such tallow-heads making slaves of free-born Englishmen!"

We had time for only a few words further, for soon one of the officers—the boatswain, as I presently discovered—came along and ordered us to pick up our things and follow him to the forecastle. This we accordingly did I carrying the supercargo's box, to show him that much respect, though he tried to dissuade me. On the way I took some thought of the people about me, not having till now observed them with particularity, and found that most, save a few in armor, who seemed to be professional soldiers, belonged to the ship's company, the passengers not numbering above a score. Of these the greater part were dressed in a rather rich sort, though not comparable to the don, and about one-fourth were females.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

He Draws the Line at His Wife.

You may ask a Chinese friend about his mule or donkey, if there be occasion, but at your peril you mention his wife or daughter. A newly arrived American minister discomfited the whole Yamen by forgetting that such a trifling incident as a friend having a wife must not be referred to in polite society. With the best intentions the minister remarked that "the amicable relations between the United States and China ought to be strengthened by the fact that a distinguished Chinese officer had married a pretty Yankee girl." Besides the head of the department, Prince Kung, six gray-headed colleagues were present. The remark, not noticed the first time, was repeated. Solemn silence ensued, broken at last by the prince's remark: "It is fearfully hot to-day."—London Telegraph.

Spurgeon's Way.

While Spurgeon was still a boy preacher he was warned about a certain virago, and told that she intended to give him a tongue-lashing. "All right," he replied, "but that's a game at which two can play." Not long after, as he passed her gate one morning, she assailed him with a flood of billingsgate. He smiled and said: "Yes, thank you, I am quite well; I hope you are the same." Then came another burst of vituperation, pitched in a still higher key, to which he replied, still smiling: "Yes, it does look rather as if it is going to rain; I think I had better be getting on!" "Bless the man," she exclaimed, "he's as deaf as a post; what's the use of storming at him?" And so her ravings ceased, and were never again attempted.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Changed the Subject.

Fauntleroy Boy—Mamma, wouldn't it have been grand to have lived in the good old times, and had a big castle on a hill, and robbed everybody who came near it, just like the brave barons I read about in that big book? I wish I could have been one!

Mamma—Hush! You shouldn't talk so.

Boy—Can't I just think about such things?

Mamma—No, you sha'n't. Change the subject.

Boy—Mamma, when is papa coming back to the city?

Mamma—As soon as his summer hotel closes.—N. Y. Weekly.

Fraternity Vs. Soap.

Lowdown—I hold that one man is just as good as another. Now, why do you object to my society? Is it because of my poverty?

Highup—No, sir.

"Because of my nationality?"

"No, sir."

"Because of my religion?"

"No, sir."

"Then why?"

"Because you smell bad."—N. Y. Weekly.

An Error.

Hostess (to gentleman her husband has brought home to dinner)—How well you speak English, Mr. ——

Mr. —— (not understanding)—I ought to. I have lived here all my life. In fact, I was born in New York.

Hostess—Why, how strange! I am sure my husband told me that you were a Bohemian.—Harlem Life.

Obeyed Orders.

Gertie (returned home)—Mrs. Jones gave me a nice piece of cake.

Gertie's Mother—Did you ask for it?

Gertie—M'm.

Mother—And I told you not to.

Gertie—No, mamma. You told me not to ask for everything I saw. I didn't see the cake; it was in the pantry.—Boston Transcript.

BRAVE YOUNG WOMAN.

She Got Away with the Oysters But Not in the Usual Manner.

A young girl from the state of Washington who came east to visit a western senator's family last winter, had an experience she hasn't forgotten yet. The first few days of her stay in the capital were spent there, and her meals were sent to her room. On the very first evening she ordered oysters for dinner. Now, she knew nothing of a real, life-sized oyster, having spent all her days on the Pacific coast, where oysters are not oysters at all, but something altogether different. She was young and exceedingly unexperienced, and she said to the waiter:

"Bring me 50 oysters."

The waiter gasped.

"Is that all?" he said.

"Oh, no," she answered, cheerfully. "Bring me—well, dinner, too."

She says herself that she had to shut her eyelids tight to keep her eyes from popping clear out of her head when she saw the 50 oysters.

"Isn't that more than 50?" she asked.

"No, miss," answered the waiter. "Shall I take some away?" and he grinned. It was the grin that did it. Her western blood rose at it.

"No," she said, coolly. "It's not too many. I'm hungry."

She locked the door after the astonished waiter, and opened the window. It was a dark night, but she could see the roofs of the adjoining houses almost within arm's reach beneath her window. Only a narrow alley separated the buildings. She took a fork, and deftly and dexterously, one by one, she flung the oysters as far as she could. She could hear them fall moistly, softly, flabbily upon the roof opposite. When the waiter returned, two oysters lay on her plate. His eyes rolled wonderingly at her.

"Was—was the oysters good?" he asked, and he did not grin.

"Fairly good," she made answer, calmly; "but I wasn't really hungry, after all."—Washington Post.

TOO MUCH FOR HER NERVES.

An Experience That Caused the Lady Clerk to Go Into Another Business.

"I used to work for a collecting agency in one of the northern cities," said a woman perfumery drummer, "and my experience was tolerably exciting. My duty was to sit at a roll-top desk in the office and impersonate the proprietor. Light work, did you say? Just you wait. All day long men would come in to hammer the boss. 'Where's the fellow that sends out these blackmailing letters?' was the usual salutation. Then I would smile sweetly and say: 'I am the proprietress; what can I do for you?'

"At this the visitor would look dazed, utter things under his breath and walk off. Occasionally the real proprietor would peep through an inside window to see whether I was still alive, for I must admit our letters were calculated to give a man the homicidal mania.

"Well, things went along all right for nearly a month. There was one day a little wiry chap walked in carrying a thick cane 'Where's the boss?' he said. I gave the usual fairy story. 'Don't believe a word of it,' he replied, 'still, I can't beat a woman.' He thought awhile, and something in his eye made me feel creepy. 'I'll have to take it out of the fixtures,' he said, finally, and upon my word, he broke up every blessed thing in the shop.

"He did it quickly and systematically and you never saw such an awful ruin! I screamed murder, but it did no good and he went right ahead. As a windup he smashed the chandelier and bade me a polite good-day. When the proprietor came in he had a fit. It was after that I went into the perfumery business. The work is harder, but it is much less trying on the nerves."—N. O. Times-Democrat.

A DEAF-MUTE GIRL'S CURSE.

Scientific Value Attached to Its Alleged Fulfillment—Paralysis Follows Blow.

The right foot of Edwin Parker Trent, of Frankfort, Mo., has become paralyzed as a result of a tumor on the brain. The tumor was caused by a blow with a hatchet, struck by Bertha Trent, his deaf and dumb niece. The girl was sent subsequently to an insane asylum. Before starting she wrote the following on her tablet:

"I wanted to kill him, but failed. I hate him, and I hope he will die by inches from creeping paraysis, beginning at his feet and working up to his head."

Specialists who have studied the case declare that Mr. Trent has unwillingly been of great benefit to science, as the tumor has located beyond question the exact spot where the sensor nerves from the right foot connect with the brain. While the doctors account for the paralysis on scientific grounds, people in the village believe that Mr. Trent's malady is the beginning of creeping paralysis, which has come to him through the curse of his niece.

MARVEL IN SKIN GRAFTING.

Arm Burned to the Bone is Saved by Application of the Flesh of the Sufferer.

A wonderful case of skin grafting is that of James Crowley, who was burned some six weeks ago at Fond du Lac, Wis. By the upsetting of a lamp his father was burned to death and, in his efforts to save his father, the younger Crowley had the flesh burned from one of his arms. He was taken to the hospital, and as the means of saving the arm and perhaps his life, Dr. Connell informed his patient that he must take skin from his lower limbs for grafting his arm. The patient was placed under the influence of morphine, and for nearly two hours the operation was in progress. Pieces of skin an eighth of an inch in width and from a foot to a foot and a quarter in length were taken from his legs and used on the arm. After ten days the patient was declared out of danger, and the arm, which was burned to the bone, is almost well now.

The Case in a Nutshell.

Alabastine is a permanent coating for walls and ceilings, designed to take the place of kalsomines and wall paper. Alabastine sets with the wall. It is practically a stone cement, as hard and smooth as paint, but much less expensive, and is applied just as easily by anyone. It can be mixed with either cold or hot water, and applied with a kalsomine brush. It is clean, healthful, and economical. Every one of the strong points of Alabastine, proved to be such by the test of twenty years, is picked up by every new manufacturer of ordinary kalsomine and claimed for his goods. These claims are absurd on their face. Alabastine alone can prove its durability by the test of time. It is sold by paint dealers, in 5-lb. packages, properly labeled.

$500 Reward

The above Reward will be paid for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of the party or parties who placed iron and slabs on the track of the Emporium & Rich Valley R. R., near he east line of Franklin Hoosler's farm, on the evening of Nov. 21st, 1891.

HENRY AUCHU,
38-tf. President.

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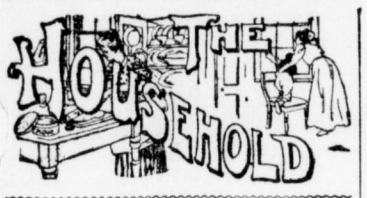


MISTRESS AND MAID.

The Servant Trouble Is in a Large Measure Due to the Inefficiency of Housewives.

"I have always believed thoroughly that at the bottom of much of the servant trouble lies the inefficiency of the average housewife," writes Helen Watterson Moody, in the Ladies' Home Journal. "How is it possible that an ignorant servant, though willing, should become capable, except through such training as a skilled mistress can give her, or how can a most efficient maid live up to her own ideals under a mistress who, having no training, and therefore no standards of her own, must be lacking in understanding and appreciation of the work of others? And yet if you ask almost any housekeeper to define a good servant she will tell you it is one who relieves her from care and responsibility. What would be thought of the head of a banking house who estimated his employes solely accordingly to their ability to relieve him of the duties that properly belong to himself? The banker values a clerk who is able to obey orders intelligently, and upon whose fidelity he can rely, but he does not expect him to do his thinking for him. You see, the trouble with us, as mistresses, is largely that we want to be relieved of the responsibility that comes with home making, instead of accepting it as our chief concern in life, studying it as we would any other profession, meeting all its requirements with skill and knowledge, and seeing, back of all the trying and petty details, the dignity and value of the work we are doing. I do not wish to seem to undervalue the difficulties of the profession. It is not an easy one; it is the hardest one I know, and it is often filled with details that are neither pleasant nor dignified. But so are the professions of medicine, of journalism, of law, and even the ministry."

THE ART OF COOKING.

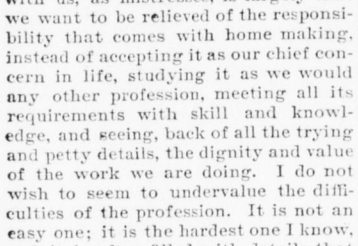
It Lies In Knowing How to Prepare One Dish in a Hundred Appetizing Ways.

No more should be cooked than is intended to be eaten at one meal, says Mrs. Lemcke, the cooking expert. The true art of cooking lies not in cooking large pieces of meat, or in cake, bread and pastry baking, but in how to prepare one kind of meat and fish in a hundred different ways, how to utilize everything so that nothing is wasted and to convert all that may be left from one meal to savory and palatable dishes for the next; to combine herbs, spices, onion, chives and garlic in such a way that all the ingredients are harmoniously blended, that nothing predominates; that vegetables retain their natural flavors and are not spoiled by the ingredients added; that meat is cooked in such a way that nothing of its nutritious value is lost. A great deal of the unhappiness of this world is due to poor food. Drunkenness, which is a craving for stimulating and intoxicating drinks, is a certain consequence of an injudicious diet. If all our women were better acquainted with the elements of the human system they would then know that no one can keep in good health unless these elements receive the proper nourishments to supply the waste of tissue.

BELTS FOR SUMMER.

They Will Be Slightly Wider and More Elaborate Than Those Worn Last Season.

Belts will be slightly wider this summer and in addition to the crushed silk and ribbon effects there will be various designs in skins, such as snake, mon-



NEAT SUMMER BELT.

key, alligator and goat, while among the metals will be enameled tin, gold, silver and aluminium.

A white enameled belt striped with black is quite the smartest thing among the metal belts. The overlapping end is finished in a sharp point and slipped through a strap of enameled tin. The buckle is of solid white enamel, or to vary the design it may be of old gold, bronze or other dark metal.

For Early Spring Freckles.

Take one teaspoonful of powdered borax and dissolve it in one pint of rain water. Add one gill of buttermilk. Bathe the face and hands at night before retiring. Use clear cold water next morning and your complexion will be like satin. This is to be used at once as the mixture will not keep. It is just enough for one application, and is excellent for removing freckles caused by the spring sun.

Fasting for Brain Workers.

A number of feminine brain workers have come to the conclusion that they can do better work by going without breakfast, eating only a light luncheon and making six o'clock dinner practically the only meal of the day. Many of those who have tried it declare that they have entirely overcome the faintness that they felt at first, and that they are able to put their faculties to better use than ever before.

SPORT WAS BEATEN.

How a Chicago Know-It-All Young Man Lost a Bet of Five Dollars to a Friend.

The individual who is ready to bet on anything, who delights in being thought a "sport" and is ready to back his opinion with money, is sometimes a treat to his friends.

One such man was walking along State street yesterday with a friend. The friend was a modest and unassuming fellow, and when a stylishly dressed young woman passed them in the crowd of shoppers the betting man said:

HE SPOKE TO HER.

"What a beauty!" and his companion said: "For half a cent I'd speak to her." Then the betting man began to offer wagers that the other was afraid to address a word to the young woman. His bet of five dollars was taken and the modest man hurried after the lady, lifted his hat and walked beside her to the next corner. When he returned and pocketed the money the crestfallen sport asked what she had said.

"Oh, she asked why I wasn't home last night. You see, she's my sister."—Chicago Daily News.

MAKES HAIR CROW.

Kerosene, So Some Women Claim, Is the Best Scalp Tonic That Can Be Applied.

It has been given out for some time by hair specialists that kerosene promoted the growth of the hair and prevented its falling out. Women as a rule have been loth to try the experiment unless a preparation of deodorized oil could be found.

A woman was found recently who astonished her friends, upon being complimented upon the fine appearance of her hair, by telling them that it was due entirely to a persistent and thorough treatment with the familiar kerosene of corner grocery commerce.

"I have applied it regularly once a fortnight in the following manner," she said: "A little is poured into a saucer and rubbed with the fingers into the roots of the hair. The application is slow and thorough, the gentle massage of the finger tips keeping the pores open for the absorption of the oil.

"The treatment is made at night, and my hair is afterward tied up in a silk handkerchief. A silk handkerchief is recommended by hairdressers as most useful in retaining the natural electricity of the hair. By noon the following day the odor of the kerosene has disappeared, and in another 12 hours the oiliness that followed its use is gone.

"The effect of this treatment is promptly noticeable. I have used no kerosene for two years. The present condition of my hair is due to a six months' faithful treatment.—N. Y. Herald.

CHICKEN TAMALES.

How to Prepare a Dish Which Is Esteemed Quite Highly in Some Parts of the West.

To make chicken tamales, boil two pounds of corn and a handful of lime in water enough to cover until the skins of the corn will slip off; then wash the corn and grind it very fine. Boil a large chicken, and mix the liquor in which the chicken was boiled with the ground corn, adding a pound of firm lard and salt to taste. Having boiled a pound of red peppers until soft, remove the seeds and mash the peppers to a pulp; add a garlic button (chopped) and one-half a pound of ground chillies Mix this preparation with the chicken Fill wet corn husks (inner husks) with the mixture, alternately with the meal and chicken, tie up, and boil from 45 minutes to an hour in a gallon of water. When all are half done turn the top ones over. This mixture will make a dozen "hot tamales." Serve hot, with the husks opened, and the tamales piled on a napkin.

A more simple process is to use a quart of scalded corn meal instead of the hulled corn, and a lump of butter the size of a walnut instead of the lard. In this case take a lump of the dough pat it out into a thin, flat cake, put one spoonful of the above chicken mixture on it, roll them together, then roll the tamale tightly in the corn shucks; tie the ends of the shucks together in a knot to keep the tamales from coming open; these need to boil only about 20 minutes.—Mrs. W. L. Tabor, in Farm and Fireside.

Courtesy Wins Many Friends.

"I know a young girl who is so punctilious, it is a pleasure to invite her anywhere," said a lady not long since. "She always keeps her appointments to the minute, never forgets her engagements, and is always to be depended upon. She is very popular with young and old, and there is little doubt that she owes much to this praiseworthy attribute. In the matter of invitations the least one can do to show their appreciation of the courtesy extended them is to be prompt."

CHICKEN LANGUAGE.

The Cries of the Feathered Folk Are Said to Be Comprehensible to Human Beings.

Chickens speak in a language that human ears learn readily to comprehend. For the most part it is instinctive. A fuzzy toddler six hours out of the shell has five distinct calls. The first and loudest of them is the lost note, uttered when it loses sight of its mother or finds itself out in the cold. It is loud and very shrill: "Pee-ee-op! Pee-ee-ee-op! Pee-eee-op!" The second, the hunger note, is as shrill, but more plaintive, running somewhat thus: "Yeap! Yeeap! Yee-eeap!" As soon as eating begins it changes to a sort of satisfied chittering: "Wit-wit! Wit-wit! Wit-wit-weet!" After eating the chicks grow sleepy, and cry to be covered. The note is somewhat like that of hunger, with a peculiar tremolo, breaking it in the middle: "Yee-pl-leepl! Yee-pl-leepl!" does not fully represent it, but comes as near as the limitations of vowels and consonants admit. The fifth note, the chir-r-r of fright or astonishment, is the quaintest of all. This chir-r develops at last in the grating call of warning, at sound of which from their mother even the youngest scatter and scutter to cover. Anything, a bird, a kite, even a very small passing cloud, sailing in the sky overhead, will evoke this warning cry. Let one hen sound it, every other will take it up. Often the alarm is a false one, but centuries of hawks have impressed upon each feathered mind that "danger cometh out of the air" and they govern themselves accordingly.

Everybody knows how hens cluck to their broods, but it may be news to many that though a hundred hens may be clucking in the same inclosure, the voice of each will be individual and unmistakable to her immediate family. A chick just out of the nest may not be able to discriminate, but let it follow for a day and it is past making mistakes. Even more wonderful is the hen's ability to differentiate her brood from all the rest.

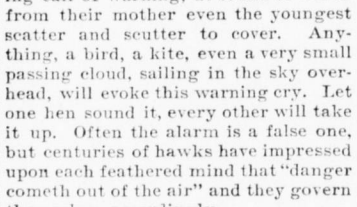
Upon finding food a hen calls her chicks somewhat thus: "Co-cu-co-cu-cu-cu-ee!" The rooster calls his wives about him to share in some dainty with nearly the same notes, but deeper and more resonant in the beginning and running at the end into a high treble. There is something clownish in his cackle. He cackles only to express a pained astonishment, or else by way of chorusing the hens, with whom cackling is a favorite diversion, quite independent of the matter of egg-laying. A rooster, especially a gamecock or one of Spanish breed, has a wonderful variety of crows. By means of them, indeed, he runs the whole gamut of expression—hope, fear, defiance, triumph, love, hate, rage, vanity and a fine, ineffable conceit.

It is the hens without families, though, that are the true barnyard gossips. Any fine day, outside molting time, you may see them standing in groups, their heads close together, chuckling and chattering like so many blackbirds, or else wallowing in light earth, pecking lightly as they scratch and wallow, and evidently finding it good sport to throw dust well over each other.—N. Y. Sun.

KEEP THE NESTS CLEAN.

A Handy Contrivance Made of Cheap Material That Is Easily Procured on Any Farm.

In the accompanying illustration it is readily seen that the cover for the nests is so constructed that the lid is on an incline and entirely covers the



COVERED NESTS.

nests, making no place for the fowls to harbor at night. As they are fed in the morning the lid is lowered. In the evening it is simply raised and latched. It needs little explanation and is made of material easily procured on any farm.—Morgan S. Joslin, in Farm and Home.

Making Corn Rows Straight.

It does not pay to make crooked corn rows, despite the well-known old saying that "the most corn always grows in crooked rows." That is a reminiscence of days when stumps and stones obstructed the surface and made it impossible to do neat work in marking out. A strong horse, easy on the bit, is necessary in doing good work in marking rows. Still more is a clear sight to the end of the field on the part of the man driving the horse. Unless the surface is very uneven four marks can be made at once, of which the inside one will follow the mark made in going around last time. This makes three rows for planting gained in going across the field, and six in going and returning. It does not take long to mark out a large field in this way. But if the surface is uneven, as most eastern farms are, it is better to mark rows with markers having only three teeth. —American Cultivator.

Beer Made from Water.

Beer tabloids are about to be put on the market by a German firm. A small tablet dropped into a glass of water will turn it into beer as fresh as if just drawn, it is asserted.

Exasperating.

Mrs. Higgsley—Clara, I must insist that you send young Mr. Granley away earlier. It was long after 11 o'clock last night when you closed the front door after him.

Clara—I know it, mamma, and I have made up my mind a dozen different times to make him leave early, but he has a way, somehow, of always giving the impression along after the shank of the evening has passed that he is just about to say something one has been waiting for. It's awfully exasperating.—Chicago Evening News.

Woman's Long Suit.

"Man was made to mourn," mused the old man with long white whiskers, "but women seem to have taken the job away from him! By hokey, but they do enjoy a funeral!"—Kansas City Independent.

From Baby in the High Chair

to grandma in the rocker Grain-O is good for the whole family. It is the long-desired substitute for coffee. Never upsets the nerves or injures the digestion. Made from pure grains it is a food in itself. Has the taste and appearance of the best coffee at ¼ the price. It is a genuine and scientific article and is come to stay. It makes for health and strength. Ask your grocer for Grain-O.

Conflicting Emotions.

Mrs. Joy—Oh, John, run for the physician. The baby's swallowed your diamond stud!

Bachelor Brother—Physician be hanged! I'll bring a surgeon.—Jeweler's Weekly.

Do Your Feet Ache and Burn?

Shake into your shoes, Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It makes tight or New Shoes feel Easy. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Hot, Callous, Sore, and Sweating Feet. All Druggists and Shoe Stores sell it, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

More Information.

Tommy—Paw, what do they put water in stock for?

Mr. Figg—To soak the investors with, my son.—Indianapolis Journal.

Lane's Family Medicine.

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

Ancient Roquefort Cheese.

It is said that Roquefort cheese dates back to Pliny's time. Some of it smells as though it were a great deal older than that.—Boston Transcript.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

When a boy comes home with a string of fish, it is a mean trick to ask him if he caught them all.—Atchison Globe.

I believe Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my boy's life last summer.—Mrs. Allie Douglass, LeRoy, Mich., Oct. 20, '94.

In talking up a trade with a real horse-jockey, never close the bargain till the next day.—L. A. W. Bulletin.

Every time we meet a school-teacher, we find that we have always been pronouncing another word incorrectly.—Atchison Globe.

Friend—"How is it that you sell so many more bicycles than the other dealers?" Dealer—"I give free surgical attendance for a year with each wheel."—N. Y. Journal.

"Miss Hiland—er—I know what I want to say, but—er—I don't know how to express myself,' began Mr. Homewood. "Express yourself, Mr. Homewood," Miss Hiland cut in, "won't the railroad people let you travel as a first-class passenger?"—Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph.

"Seen Ploddytop teaching his wife to ride for the amateur ladies' handicap?" "Yes. What of it? He's been late at business every morning since he started it." "Do you know why?" "No." "Well, while he trains his missus of course he misses his train!"—Ally Sloper.

Allowances. — Mrs. Cadger—"They tell me, Henrietta, that your husband is unkind to you." Mrs. Howes—"Yes, John is not very gentle in his manners, I must admit; but there is one thing I will say for him, he never kicks up a rug or creases a tidy."—Boston Transcript.

Custom Reversed.—Mrs. Amsterdam—"How Willie has grown!" Mrs. Columbus—"Yes; isn't it wonderful?" "Why, he's larger than his father." "Yes, indeed; I have to make over Willie's clothes for his father now."—Yonkers Statesman.

Characteristic of the Brute.—Daisy—"I thought you hated Dick Dashley, and yet I saw him hugging you last night." Mazie (blushing)—"Well, I believe I did say he was a bear."—Kansas City Independent.

Her Work Appreciated.—Hoax — "It seems to me that the girl Henpeck married is making him a good wife." Joax—"Looks to me more as if she was making him a good husband. He'll soon be a model, I hear."—Philadelphia North American.

Some persons are so given over to worrying that they fret more or less every time the tide goes out for fear it won't come in again.—L. A. W. Bulletin.

A Hard Hitter.

"Briggs can strike an awful blow."

"He doesn't look it."

"No, he doesn't. He came home late the other night. It was a dark night, and Briggs was slightly muddled. He felt around and found he'd lost his key. He knew it wouldn't do any good to ring the bell, so he thought he'd rap sharply on the door and his wife might hear it. He drew back his right arm and then let it shoot out viciously, and, by Jove, his fist went right through a panel!"

"No!"

"Yes. It was a screen door!"

The Coldest.

Yabsley—What was the coldest weather you ever saw?

Mudge—I don't know. You don't expect a man to carry a thermometer in his pocket when he is proposing to a heiress, do you? —Indianapolis Journal.

"Look! There's a colored messenger boy, running." "Sure enough. They ought to advertise him as 'Warranted, fast black.'" —Philadelphia Bulletin.

"Big Four Gift!"—Neely's Spanish-American War Panorama.

Contains 160 superb half-tone engravings, made from photographs taken of our Army in camp, on transports and in actual service, Spanish and American Gun-boats, Cuba, Havana, Manilla, Landscapes, Architecture; shows the manners and customs of the people of our new Islands; Pictures of our Heroes—Dewey, General Charles King (known as Capt. Charles King, the author), Wheeler, Hobson, Roosevelt, Sampson, Miles, Schley, Shafter, Lee, Brooks, Carroll; Groups of Officers, Cavalry, Artillery, Infantry, Ships, Rifle-practice, Spanish Soldiers, Insurgents, Chickamauga, Jacksonville, Tampa, Last Farewell Letters Home, Hospitals, Clara Barton, Rough Riders, Santiago, San Juan, Manilla, the Beautiful Women of Cuba and Manilla.

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has been the Sarsaparilla which the people have bought when they were sick and wanted to be cured. If the best is none too good for you, you will get Ayer's. One bottle of Ayer's Sarsaparilla contains the strength of three of the ordinary kind.

The Maid and the Miracle

Miss Lucy Tucker, the daughter of a prominent farmer of Versailles, Ind., was the victim of nervous prostration. Most of the time she was confined to bed, and was on the verge of St. Vitus' dance. It was a pitiful case which medical science failed to conquer. Finally a doctor prescribed Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. Her father said:

"We began giving the pills at once, and the next day we could see a change for the better in her. We gave her one pill after each meal until she was entirely well. She has not been sick a day since. We think the cure almost miraculous.

"FRANK TUCKER, Mrs. F. TUCKER."

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Tucker, being duly sworn, state that the foregoing is true in every particular.

HUGH JOHNSON, *Justice of the Peace.*

From the Republican, Versailles, Ind.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are never sold by the dozen or hundred, but always in packages. At all druggists, or direct from the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y., 50 cents per box, 6 boxes $2.50.

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New pair GRATIS if the finger ends wear out first.

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BANQUET WAX CANDLES

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52-inch Venetian cloth mixtures, beautiful fabrics of good quality, in all the new spring shades, including gray, blue and brown mixtures, also a lighter weight cloth in brown, tan, blue and green, plain colors, 75c yard, worth $1.00.

Very pretty 42-inch silk and wool plaids for shirt waists and separate skirts, choice colorings, 90c yard.

46-inch spring and summer weight poplins in browns, greens, drabs and blues, fashionable fabric, 75c yard, worth $1.00.

Elegant quality of 59-inch navy blue cheviot, 75c yard, worth $1.00.

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New Silks

Very handsome line of French foulards in navy and white and black and white, with satin stripes, 50c yard, worth 75c, all handsome stylish patterns.

Superb quality of black satin Duchesse, all silk with beautiful luster, 85c yard, worth $1.25.

Swiss taffeta novelty silks, plain and checks, extremely fashionable; also in rich plain colors, 58c yard, worth 85c.

Finest quality imported Habutai wash silks in checks, stripes and greys, 40c and 50c yard, a wonderful variety to choose from.

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200 pieces of French organdies in beautiful patterns, all new goods, 12½c yard, worth 25c.

Linen zephyrs, stripes and checks, in pinks, blues and black and whites, 28c yard, worth 35c.

New Madras cloths in very attractive colors and patterns for waists and skirts, 15c yard, worth 25c.

Best value in the city in Oxford shirtings and dress ginghams at 12½c yard.

Fancy chambrays in dainty effects, 25c yard.

Punjab percales in all the best colors, stripes and checks, yard wide, at 12½c yard.

Superior quality of sateens, black grounds, with colored Dresden patterns, 12½ yard.

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50c. each; Stable Case, Ten Specifics, Book, &c., $7. At druggists or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Humphreys' Medicine Co., Cor. William & John Sts., New York. VETERINARY MANUAL SENT FREE.

NERVOUS DEBILITY, VITAL WEAKNESS and Prostration from Overwork or other causes.

Humphreys' Homeopathic Specific No. 28, in use over 40 years, the only successful remedy.

$1 per vial, or 5 vials and large vial powder, for $5. Sold by Druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price. HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., Cor. William & John Sts., New York

Phillsides, Jr.

This blooded horse will be served to a limited number of Mares during the season of 1899, viz:

FRIDAY and SATURDAY, May 12th and 13th, at the stables, mouth of North Creek.

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PHILLSIDES, Jr., will be groomed by William Grover, an experienced horseman.

PEDIGREE.—Sired by Phillsides, full blooded Percheron owned by E. H. Cottrell, of Andover, N. Y.; Dam. Fan, one-half Percheron owned by Frank Moon, Emporium; Phillsides by Daferte, full blooded Percheron, Dam by Annie, one-half Morgan, one-half Silver King. Phillsides, Jr., weighs 1350 pounds and is owned by J. Frank Craven, Emporium, Pa.

TERMS—To ensure, $10.00—$2.00 when served and balance when mare is in foal. $5.00 when owner of mare assumes risk.

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ALL SORTS.

What you want is not temporary relief from piles but a cure to stay cured. DeWitts Witch Hazel Salve cures piles, and they stay cured. R. C. Dodson. 8

Whatsoever a man reaps someone must have planted.

Aside from the serious inconvenience and pain caused by piles, there is a tendency to fistula and to cancer in the rectal regions. Piles should not be allowed to run on unchecked. Tabler's Buckeye Pile Ointment is an infallible remedy. Price 50 cts a bottle, tubes 75 cts. L. Taggart. june

A stump speech ought to be a short one.

J. A. Schear, of Sedalia, Mo., saved his child from death by croup by using One Minute Cough Cure. It cures coughs, colds, pneumonia, la grippe and all throat and lung troubles. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

A man always says appearances are always deceitful when they are against him.

There is a time for all things. The time to take DeWitt's Little Early Risers is when you are suffering from constipation, billiousness, sick headache, indigestion or other stomache or liver troubles R. C. Dodson. 8ly

The race isn't always to the swiftest Somtimes it is to the bookmakers.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure completely digests food within the stomach and intestions and renders all classes of food capable of being assimilated and converted into strength giving the tissues building substances. R. C. Dodson. 8

A man may have his price, but he is apt to be shy about showing his cost mark.

Thomas Thurman, deputy sheriff of Troy, Mo., says that if everyone in the United States should discover the virtue of DeWitts Witch Hazel Salve for piles, rectal troubles and skin diseases, the demand could not be supplied. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

A horseshoe over the door may be lucky, but if it falls on your head it's hard luck

W. M. Gallagher, of Bryan, Pa., says: "For forty years I have tried various cough medicines, One Minute Cough Cure is best of all." It relieves instantly and cures all throat and lung troubles. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

When one woman wants to say anything mean of another she refers to her as "that woman."

DeWitt's Little Early Risers act as a faultless pill should, cleansing and reviving the system instead of weakening it. They are mild and sure, small and pleasant to take, and entirely free from objectionable drugs. They assist rather than compel. R. C. Dodson. 8

It's easier for an old bachelor to say that he is perfectly happy than it is for him to prove it.

What is Kodal Dyspepsia Cure? It is the newly discovered remedy, the most effective preparation ever devised for aiding the digestion and assimilation of food, and restoring the deranged digestive organs to a natural condition. It is a discovery surpassing anything yet known to the medical profession. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

Man's greatest responsibility on this mundane sphere is woman—and she never lets him shirk it, either.

If your sight is blurred with specks and spots floating before your eyes, or you have pains in the right side under the ribs, then your liver is deranged and you need a few doses of Herbine to regulate it. Price 50 cents. L. Taggart. june

The value of the fruit consumed in Great Britain every year is estimated at $50,000,000.

For relief and comfort in Asthma Ballard's Horehound Syrup has no equal. Price 25 and 50 cents. L. Taggart. june

The artistic house is never the cleanest one.

Hardly a day passes, in families where there are children, in which Ballard's Snow Liniment is not needed. It quickly cures cuts, wounds, bruises, burns and scalds. Price 25 and 50 cts. L. Taggart. june

There is no one in the world beyond the power of flattery.

If the predisposition to worms in children is not cured they may become emaciated, weakly and in danger of convulsions. White's Cream Vermifuge is the most successful and popular remedy. Price 25 cts. L. Taggart june

The white pin on a black frock has made many a man change his intentions.

A sallow, jaundiced skin is a symptom of disordered liver, as it springs from biliary poisons retained in the blood, which destroy energy, cheerfulness, strength, vigor, happiness and life. Herbine will restore the natural functions of the liver. Price 50 cents. L. Taggart june

A woman who marries a man younger than herself is never half so sorry as the man.

Diphtheria has never become epidemic in any town where Armstrong's Diphtheria and Quinsy Drops are known and used. 6ly

If women were born rich there would be very few marriages made either in heaven or on earth.

Throat Sore?

A slight soreness or the most serious throat diserse is quickly relieved and cured by using Armstrong's Diphtheria and Quinsy Drops. Your druggist has it, if not send 25c in stamps to "The I Cure U Co.," Butler, Pa. 6ly

Diphtheria is in Los Angeles, Cal., and a telegram is received by the I Cure U Co., Butler, Pa., ordering Armstrong's Diphtheria and Quinsy Drops to be sent at once by express. This shows how a good article is appreciated 6ly

Pain Unnecessary in Childbirth.

Pain is no longer necessary in childbirth. Its causes, being understood are easily overcome, the labor being made short, easy and free from danger, morning sickness, swelled limbs, and like evils readily controlled, and all female diseases speedily cured. Cut this out; it may save your life, suffer not a day longer, but send us two cent stamp and receive in sealed envelope full particulars, testimonials, confidential letter, &c. Address FRANK THOMAS & Co., 52-26t Baltimore, Md.

KALAMAZOO.

Have you heard the pretty legend, sad and mournful and yet true,
Of the brave and dusky lover and the Indian maid Mahzoo?
How they lived and loved and wandered on the river's shady shore,
Happiest of Indian lovers in the days that are no more?

All day long the maiden labored, weaving baskets by the stream,
Thinking of her love, her Kahla, weaving him into her dream;
Then he comes—she hears the rowing of his light birch bark canoe.
"Kahla!" calls she. Cries he, "Coming, coming to my own Mahzoo!"

Ah, one night she waits in silence! Sad her face—her love is dead!
Wounded in the chase, her warrior in a fortnight to be wed.
In the morn they find sweet Mahzoo lying silent in the stream,
Gone unto her lover Kahla, nevermore to watch and dream.

Still the echoes o'er the river may be heard soft through the air—
Echoes of the warrior Kahla and of young Mahzoo the fair.
All the trees repeat the whisper, all the ripples murmur, too,
In the stream that bears their name now—bears the name "Kalamazoo."

—Kalamazoo Telegraph.

THE FINGER TIPS.

Their Remarkable Value In the Identification of Criminals.

In detective novels finger prints left by criminals, preferably in blood, play an important part, but truth seems stranger than fiction in the fact that the finger print system of identifying criminals in India has been made so perfect that it would enable any intelligent person in a few minutes to distingish the individual, if necessary, from all other persons now living in the world, or, if data were available, from all other persons who have lived since the creation of man.

The system is simplicity itself, and there is none of the elaboration of process or the costly and delicate machinery required for the anthropometric system. All that is needed is a piece of tin, a sheet of paper and some printer's ink. The inked impressions of the ten digits are taken and filed in the proper compartment of the proper pigeonhole, and it is on the classification of records and their distribution into the pigeonholes that the success of the system depends.

Every finger mark shows lines of the "loop," or the "whorl" type, and by a simple table of the combinations of these types in the ten digits 1,024 main classes are made. These are again subdivided according to minor details, and the subdivisions can be further divided ad infinitum if necessary, but with the table before him any person of ordinary intelligence can place his finger on the corresponding card to a record in his hand within five minutes, no matter how many thousand cards there may be.

It is calculated that the chances are about 64,000,000 to 1 against any two persons having single fingers identical, and the chances against all ten fingers being identical go beyond mathematics altogether.

The Power of Shakespeare.

An old Latin saying, Laudant quod non intelligunt (They praise what they do not understand), was once illustrated by an English tourist who happened into the Lutheran church at Elsinore one Sunday morning. The tourist did not know a word of the Danish language, but he wrote: "The clergyman had a quiet earnestness of manner and a persuasive eloquence that pleased and attracted. I admired the discourse, although I did not understand a word of it." The book from which we have copied this illustration of a common practice tells the following amusing story of a Dutch audience listening to one of Shakespeare's plays:

I will tell you, such is de powers of de Shakespeare, that I vunce saw a play de great man acted in Anglish, in Holland, where der vas not vun person in all de house but myself could onderstond it, yet dere vas not a person in all dat house but vat vas in tears—dat is, all crying, blowing de nose and veep very mouch; couldn't onderstond vun vurd of de play, yet all veeping. Such was de powers of de Shakespeare!

What He Opened On.

"Brothers and sisters," began the old parson, "I shall not choose any particular text this morning, but shall preach from where I open the book, and, no matter where, I shall find the wrath that is to come upon the wicked, who will be cut off when they have shuffled off this mortal coil. It is now open, and"—

Here the parson was interrupted by a deacon who had been asleep, and hearing the words open, cut and shuffle, forgot himself and cried out, "It's yours; what did you open on?"

The surprise of the good man in the pulpit was great, but the deacon collapsed when the reply came, "It is opened on Kings."—Atlanta Constitution.

A Curious Postal System.

In certain parts of Sweden, where the most absolute confidence is reposed in the honesty of the people, a very informal postal system is in vogue. As the mail steamer reaches a landing place a man goes ashore with the letters, which he places in an unlocked box on the pier. Then the passerby who expects a letter opens the box, turns over the letters and selects his own, unquestioned by any one.

A New Kind of Coal.

In a paper on the dialect of Newfoundland Dr. Patterson says, "We have heard of a good janitor of a church who had his feelings hurt by being obliged to use 'antichrist' coal."—Household Words.

Mahogany is said to have been brought to England by Sir Walter Raleigh in 1595, but not to have come into general use till 1720.

The only way to win an argument with a woman is to walk off when you have stated your side of it.—Roxbury Gazette.

The Cure that Cures Coughs, Colds, Grippe,

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